Vol. 3 of 3 FEP-02/457/2013/C Central Kowloon Route Yau Ma Tei East Contract No. HY/2014/08 May 2018





Environmental Permit No. EP-457/2013/C

Central Kowloon Route

Independent Environmental Checker Verification

Yau Ma Tei East (HY/2014/08)

Reference Document/Plan	
Document/Plan to be Certified/ Verified:	Monthly EM&A Report No.2 (May 2018)
Date of Report:	12 June 2018 (Rev. 2)

12 June 2018

Reference EP Condition

Date received by IEC:

Works Contract:

Environmental Permit Condition:

Submission of Monthly EM&A Report of the Project

3.4 Four hard copies and one electronic copy of monthly EM&A Report shall be submitted to the Director within 2 weeks after the end of each reporting month throughout the entire construction period. The EM&A Reports shall include a summary of all non-compliance. The submissions shall be certified by the ET Leader and verified by the IEC as complying with the requirements as set out in the EM&A Manual before submission to the Director. Additional copies of the submission shall be provided to the Director upon request by the Director.

3.4

IEC Verification

Mondy 20.

I hereby verify that the above referenced document/ $\frac{1}{plan}$ complies with the above referenced condition of EP-457/2013/C.

Ms Mandy To Date: 12 June 2018

Independent Environmental Checker

Our ref: 0436942_IEC Verification Cert_YMTE_Monthly EM&A Rpt No.2.docx



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Build King - SKEC Joint Venture

Central Kowloon Route Contract HY/2014/08

Section of Yau Ma Tei East

Monthly EM&A Report No. 2

(Period from 1 to 31 May 2018)

Rev. 2

(12 June 2018)

	Name	Signature
Prepared by	Karen K. Y. Cheung	<u>O</u>
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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- A.1 Build King SKEC Joint Venture ("Contractor") commenced the construction works of Highway Department (HyD) Central Kowloon Route Contract No. HY/2014/08 Section of Yau Ma Tei East ("The Project") on 20 April 2018. This is the 2nd monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) report presenting the EM&A works carried out during the period from 1 May 2018 to 31 May 2018.
- A.2 A summary of the construction works that undertaken for the Project during the reporting month is listed below.

Construction Activities undertaken

- Condition survey for the Structures
- Foundation Works for Phase 1 of Methadone Clinic (MC)
- Preliminary Works for Yau Ma Tei Assess Shaft (YMTAS) (hoarding, demolition, monitoring instrumentation)
- Tree felling and transplanting for YMTAS
- Predrilling Works for Yau Ma Tei Assess Shaft (YMTAS)
- Predrilling Works for temporary Public Library cum Jade Hawker Bazaar Building (TPLBJHB)
- Construction of New Access Road to Fruit Market
- Predrilling works at Zone A
- Construct Guide wall at Zone A
- A.3 A summary of regular construction noise and construction dust monitoring activities in this reporting period is listed below:

Regular construction noise monitoring during normal working hours

W-N1A, W-N18, W-N25A, W-P11 5 times

Construction dust (24-hour TSP) monitoring

W-A1.W-A6 5 times

Construction dust (1-hour TSP) monitoring

W-A1,W-A6 15 times

- A.4 No construction work was conducted during time period other than normal working hours during this reporting month.
- A.5 Inert construction and demolition (C&D) materials and non-inert C&D materials were the wastes that generated from this Project. During March and May, 956.5 tonnes inert C&D material was generated from the Project. No plastics and no paper/ cardboard packaging were generated and sent to recyclers for recycling during reporting period, respectively. About 30.8 tonnes of non-recyclable non-inert C&D materials, such as general refuse, were disposed of at landfill. No metal and chemical waste were generated during this reporting month.
- A.6 Bi-weekly inspection of the implementation of landscape and visual mitigation measures

- was conducted on 10 and 24 May 2018. Details of the audit findings and implementation status are presented in Section 5.
- A.7 Joint weekly site inspections were conducted by representatives of the Contractor, Engineer and Contractor's ET on 10 May 2018. Details of the audit findings and implementation status are presented in Section 5.
- A.8 No change has been made from the described in the approved EM&A, such as construction method, mitigation proposals and design changes.
- A.9 No exceedance of the Action and Limit Levels of regular construction noise monitoring was recorded during the reporting period.
- A.10 No exceedance of the Action and Limit Levels of 24-hour TSP and 1-hour TSP monitoring were recorded during the reporting period.
- A.11 No complaint was received during reporting period.
- A.12 No summon or prosecution was received in this reporting period.
- A.13 No reporting changes were revised in this reporting period.
- A.14 A summary of the construction activities to be undertaken in the in the next reporting month is listed below:

Construction Activities to be undertaken

- Internal set up of Community Liaison Centre (CLC)
- Erection of Engineer Office and Contractor Office
- Foundation and Superstructure works for New West Building of MC and New Access to Lift Lobby
- Predrilling works and Construct Guide wall at Portion 8B, 8C, 8D (YMTAS)
- Install Prebored Socket H-Pile at Portion 9 (TPLBJHB)
- Install Prebored Socket H-Pile at Maternal and Child Health Centre (MCHC)
- Construction of New Access Road to Fruit Market
- Guide wall and D-wall construction at Zone A
- Implementation of Temporary Traffic Management (TTM)
- Dismantling of old CLC

1. BASIC PROJECT INFORMATION

- 1.1. Central Kowloon Route (CKR) is a 4.7 km long dual 3-lane trunk road in Central Kowloon linking Yau Ma Tei Interchange in West Kowloon with the road network on Kai Tak Development and Kowloon Bay in East Kowloon.
- 1.2. The Central Kowloon Route Design and Construction Environmental Impact Assessment Report (Register No.: AEIAR-171/2013) was approved with conditions by the Environmental Protection Department (EPD) on 11 July 2013. An Environmental Permit (EP 457/2013) was issued on 9 August 2013. Variations of EP (VEP) was subsequently applied for and the latest EP (EP-457/2013/C) was issued by EPD on 16 January 2017. A Further EP (FEP-02/457/2013/C) was issued by EPD on 5 March 2018.
- 1.3. The construction of the CKR had been divided into different sections. This Contract No. HY/2014/08 Section of Yau Ma Tei East (YMTE) ("The Project") covers part of the construction activities located at Yau Ma Tei under the EP and FEP which includes:
 - Section of Yau Ma Tei East
 - i. Construction of Cut-and-Cover Tunnel in compliance with all statutory requirements and the requirements specified under the Contract while maintaining the traffic with all necessary provisions
 - ii. Construction and subsequent handover of Yau Ma Tei Access Shaft for facilitating the access and use by the contractor of Central Kowloon Route Central Tunnel contract
 - iii. Demolition of existing buildings including Yau Ma Tei Multi-storey Carpark Building, Yau Ma Tei Specialist Clinic Extension Building and Yau Ma Tei Jade Hawker Bazaars
 - iv. Demolition and re-provisioning of Gascoigne Road Flyover(GRF) and the underpinning works for the existing Ferry Street Flyover and Yau Ma Tei Police Station New Wing Building
 - v. Construction of civil provisions and coordination with the contractor of Central Kowloon Route Tunnel Electrical & Mechanical contract
 - vi. Design and construction of Noise Barrier Works
 - vii. Prepare TTA proposals, discuss at TMLG meeting and obtain its agreement and approval/ endorsement from relevant authorities at suitable times to enable the execution of the Works

The alignment and works area for the Contract No. HY/2014/08 - are shown in Appendix A.

1.4. A summary of the major construction activities undertaken in this reporting period is shown in Table 1.1. The construction programme is presented in Appendix B.

Table 1.1 Summary of the construction Activities Undertaken during the Reporting Month.

Construction Activities undertaken

- Condition survey for the Structures
- Foundation Works for Phase 1 of Methadone Clinic (MC)
- Preliminary Works for Yau Ma Tei Assess Shaft (YMTAS) (hoarding, demolition, monitoring instrumentation)
- Tree felling and transplanting for YMTAS
- Predrilling Works for Yau Ma Tei Assess Shaft (YMTAS)
- Predrilling Works for temporary Public Library cum Jade Hawker Bazaar Building (TPLBJHB)
- Construction of New Access Road to Fruit Market
- Predrilling works at Zone A
- Construct Guide wall at Zone A
- 1.5. There are no updates on the scope of works and construction methodologies.
- 1.6. The project organisational chart specifying management structure and contact details are shown in Appendix C.
- 1.7. A summary of the valid permits, licences, and /or notifications on environmental protection for this Project is presented in Table 1.2

Table 1.2 Summary of the Status of Valid Environmental Licence,

Notification. Permit and Documentations

D. C. W. P. D. L. D. L.			
Permit/ Licences/	Reference	Validity Period	Remarks
Notification			
Environmental Permit	EP-457/2013/C	Throughout the Contract	
Further Environmental	FEP-02/457/2013/C	Throughout the Contract	
Permit	TEF-02/437/2013/C	Throughout the Contract	
Notification of Construction			
Works under the Air			
Pollution Control	429806	Throughout the Contract	
(Construction Dust)			
Regulation (Form NA)			
Wastewater Discharge	WT00030660-2018	31 March 2023	
Licence	W 100030000-2018	31 Maich 2023	
Chemical Waste Producer	WDN5212 225 D2526 01	Throughout the Contract	
Registration	WPN5213-225-B2526-01	Throughout the Contract	
Construction Noise Permit at	GW-RE0252-18	13 April 2018 to	
Methadone Clinic	GW-KEU232-18	12 October 2018	
Construction Noise Permit at	CW DE0265 19	13 April 2018 to	
Portion 15	GW-RE0265-18	12 October 2018	
Billing Account for Disposal	7020007	The government of the Company	
of Construction Waste	7029997	Throughout the Contract	

2. ENVIRONMENTAL STATUS

2.1. Environmental permit (EP) conditions under the EIAO, submission status under the EP and implementation status of mitigation measures had been reviewed and implemented on schedule. The status of required submissions under the EP (EP-457/2013/C) and FEP (FEP-02/457/2013/C) as of the reporting period for the Project are summarised in Table 2.1

Table 2.1 Summary of Status of Required Submission for EP-457/2013/C and FEP-02/457/2013/C for the Project

EP/FEP Condition			
(EP-457/2013/C)	Submission	Submission date	
(FEP-02/457/2013/C)			
Condition 1.12	Notification of Commencement Date of	20 Mar 2018	
Condition 1.12	Construction of the Project	20 Mar 2018	
Condition 2.3	Community Liaison Group	23 Nov 2017	
Condition 2.4	Management organisation of the main	0 Eab 2019	
Condition 2.4	construction companies	9 Feb 2018	
Condition 2.5	Construction Programme and EP		
Condition 2.3	Submission Schedule	26 Feb 2018	
Condition 2.6	Design Drawing	26 Feb 2018	
Condition 2.7	Cultural Heritage Mitigation Plan	9 Mar 2018	
Condition 2.8	Landscape Mitigation Plan	9 Mar 2018	
Condition 2.9	Construction Noise Mitigation Plan	14 Mar 2018	
Condition 2.9	(CNMMP)	14 Wiai 2010	
Condition 3.3	Baseline Monitoring Report	6 Apr 2018	
Condition 3.4	EM&A Monthly Report (Apr 2018)	14 May 2018	

2.2. Details of the major construction activities undertaken in this reporting period are shown in Table 2.2.

Table 2.2 Summary of the construction Activities Undertaken during the Reporting Month.

Location of works	Construction activities undertaken	Remarks on progress
pending	 Condition survey for the Structures 	●95% completion
	• Foundation Works for Phase 1 of	●50% completion
	Methadone Clinic (MC)	
	 Preliminary Works for Yau Ma Tei 	●80% completion
	Assess Shaft (YMTAS) (hoarding,	
	demolition, monitoring	
	instrumentation)	
	• Tree felling and transplanting for	•70% completion
	YMTAS	

,	• Predrilling Works for Yau Ma Tei Assess Shaft (YMTAS)	•89% completion
	• Predrilling Works for temporary Public	• 100% completion
	Library cum Jade Hawker Bazaar	
	Building (TPLBJHB)	
•	• Construction of New Access Road to	• 40% completion
	Fruit Market	
•	 Predrilling works at Zone A 	• 88% completion
	 Construct Guide wall at Zone A 	• 5% completion

2.3. The drawing showing the project are, environmental sensitive receivers and the location of the monitoring station is attached in Appendix A and Appendix K. Co-ordinates of the monitoring location is shown in below:

Monitoring Location	Location ID	Latitude	Longitude
Yau Ma Tei Catholic Primary School (Hoi Wang Road)	W-A1/ W-N1A	22.313357	114.16409
Man Cheong Building	W-A6	22.308185	114.166033
Hydan Place	W-N18	22.30858	114.170185
Prosperous Garden Block 1	W-N25A	22.309846	114.168072
The Coronation Tower 1	W-P11	22.309824	114.165616

3. MONITORING RESULTS

3.1. Monitoring Parameters

Air Quality

- 3.1.1. The impact monitoring had been carried out in accordance with section 5.8 of the approved EM&A Manual to determine the 1-hour and 24-hour total suspended particulates (TSP) levels at the monitoring locations in the reporting month.
- 3.1.2. The sampling frequency of at least once in every 6 days, shall be strictly observed at the monitoring stations for 24-hour TSP monitoring. For 1-hour TSP monitoring, the sampling frequency of at least 3 times in every 6 days should be undertaken when the highest dust impact occurs.
- 3.1.3. General meteorological conditions (wind speed, direction and precipitation) and notes regarding any significant adjacent dust producing sources had also been recorded throughout the impact monitoring period.

Noise

- 3.1.4. Construction noise level shall be measured in terms of the A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level (L_{eq}). Leq (30min) shall be used as the monitoring parameter for the time period between 0700 and 1900 hours on normal weekdays.
- 3.1.5. For all other time periods, Leq (5min) shall be employed for comparison with the Noise Control Ordinance (NCO) criteria.
- 3.1.6. As supplementary information for data auditing, statistical results such as L_{10} and L_{90} shall also be obtained for reference.
- 3.2. Monitoring Equipment

Air Quality

- 3.2.1. 1-hour TSP levels and 24-hour TSP had been measured with direct reading dust meter and High Volume Samplers respectively. It has been demonstrated its capability in achieving comparable results with high volume sampling method as set out in the Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter 1 (Part 50).
- 3.2.2. The 1-hour TSP meter was calibrated by the manufacturer prior to purchasing. Zero response of the instrument was checked before and after each monitoring event. Operation of the 1-hour TSP meter followed manufacturer's Operation and Service Manual. The 24-hour TSP meter was calibrated against firmware 80570-8100-V1.0.4, annually. Operation of the 24-hour TSP meter followed manufacturer's Operation and Service Manual. Valid calibration certificate of dust monitoring equipment is attached in Appendix H.

- 3.2.3. A summary of the equipment that was deployed for the 24- hour averaged monitoring is shown in Table 3.1. The TSP monitoring was conducted as per the schedule presented in Appendix G.
- 3.2.4. The equipment used for 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP measurement and calibration are summarised in Table 3.1

Monitoring Parameter	Monitoring Equipment	Serial Number	Date of Calibration
1-hour TSP	TSI 8532 Laser Dust Monitor	8532120909	20 Dec 2017
1-hour TSP	TSI 8532 Laser Dust Monitor	8532114409	20 Dec 2017
24-hour TSP	TE-5170X High Volume Sampler	1050	21 Apr 2018,
			9 May 2018,
			26 May 2018
	TE-5170X High Volume Sampler	1049	21 Apr 2018,
			9 May 2018,
			26 May 2018
	TE-5025 Calibration Kit	3465	2 Feb 2018

Table 3.1 Construction Dust Monitoring Equipment

Noise

- 3.2.5. Sound level meter in compliance with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651: 1979 (Type 1) and 804: 1985 (Type 1) specifications has been used for carrying out the noise monitoring. The sound level meter has been checked using an acoustic calibrator. The wind speed and other metrological data has been recorded from Hong Kong Observatory- King's Park meteorological station, along with portable wind speed meter stand by as back up if malfunction occurred or data was not recorded from HKO.
- 3.2.6. An acoustic calibrator and sound level meter using for the monitoring is within the valid period and were calibrated per year. Valid calibration certificate of noise monitoring equipment is attached in Appendix I.
- 3.2.7. The details of equipment using for monitoring are listed in Table 3.2, as below:

Table 3.2 Monitoring Equipment Used in Monitoring

Monitoring Equipment	Serial Number	Date of Calibration
Nti XL2 Sound Level Meter	A2A-09696-E0	3 Nov 2017
Pulsar 105 Acoustic Calibrator	63705	17 Sep 2017

3.3. Monitoring Methodology and QA/QC results

Air Quality

3.3.1. The 1-hour TSP monitor, portable dust meters (TSI Dust Trak Aerosol Monitor Model 8532) was used for the impact monitoring. The 1-hour TSP meters provides a real time

1-hour TSP measurement based on 90° light scattering. Three 1-hour TSP level were logged per every six days.

- 3.3.2. The 24-hour TSP monitor, High Volume Samplers (Tisch TE 5170 High Volume Air Sampler) were used for the impact monitoring. The 24-hour TSP monitoring consists of the following:
 - ◆ The HVS was set at the monitoring location, with electricity supply connected and secured:
 - ♦ HVS was calibrated before commencing the 1st measurement;
 - ◆ The filter paper was weight and provided by HOKLAS lab (Acumen Laboratory and Testing Limited and ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd) before and after the sampling. Certificate of HOKLAS accredited laboratory can be referred to Appendix J;
 - ◆ The airflow over time during sampling process was recorded by the HVS.
- 3.3.3. HVSs was free- standing with no obstruction. The following criteria were considered in the installation of the HVS:
 - ◆ Appropriate support to secure the samples against gusty wind needed to be provided the monitoring station;
 - ◆ A minimum of 2m separation from walls, parapets and penthouses was required for rooftop samplers;
 - No furnace or incinerator flues was nearby;
 - Airflow around the sampler was unrestricted; and
 - Permission could be obtained to set up the samplers and gain access to the monitoring station.

3.3.4. Preparation of Filter Papers

- Glass fiber filters were labelled and sufficient filters that were clean and without pinholes were selected;
- ◆ All filters were equilibrated in the conditioning environment for 24 hours before weighing. The conditioning environment temperature was around 25°C and not varied by more than ±3°C; the relative humidity (RH)was 40%; and
- ◆ Acumen Laboratory and Testing Limited and ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Limited, as HOKLAS accredited laboratory, implemented comprehensive quality assurance and quality control programmes on the filters.

3.3.5. Field Monitoring

- ◆ The power supply was checked to ensure that the HVS was working properly;
- ◆ The filter holder and area surrounding the filter were cleaned;
- ◆ The filter holder was removed by loosening the foul bolts and a new filter, with stamped number upward, on a supporting screen was aligned carefully;
- ◆ The filter was properly aligned on the screen so that the gasket formed an airtight seal on the outer edges of the filter;
- ◆ The swing bolts were fastened to hold the filter holder down to the frame. The pressure applied should be sufficient to avoid air leakage at the edges;

- ◆ The shelter lid was closed and secured with an aluminum strip;
- ◆ The HVS was warmed- up for about 5 minutes to establish run- temperature conditions;
- ◆ A new flow rate record sheet was inserted into the flow recorder;
- The flow rates of the HVS was checked and adjusted to between $1.22\text{-}1.37^{m^3}min^{-3}$, which was within the range specified in the EM&A Manual (i.e. $0.6\text{-}1.7^{m^3}min^{-3}$);
- ◆ The programmable timer was set for a sampling period of 24 hours ±hour, and the starting time, weather condition and filter number were recorded;
- ◆ The initial elapsed time was recorded;
- ◆ At the end of sampling, the sampled filter was removed carefully and folded in half so that only surfaces with collected particulate matter were in contact;
- ◆ The filter paper was placed in a clean plastic envelope and sealed; all monitoring information was recorded on a standard data sheet and
- ◆ The filters were sent to (Acumen Laboratory and Testing Ltd and ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd) for analysis.

3.3.6. Maintenance and Calibration

- ◆ The HVS and their accessories were maintained in a good working condition. For example, motor brushes were replaced routinely and electrical wiring was checked to ensure a continuous power supply; and
- ◆ The flow rate of each HVS with mass flow controller was calibrated using an orifice calibrator, Initial calibrations of the dust monitoring equipment were conducted upon installation and prior to commissioning. Five- point calibration was carried out for HVS using TE-5025 Calibration Kit. HVS is calibrated bimonthly. The calibration records for the HVS is given in Appendix H.

3.3.7. Wind Data Monitoring

◆ The wind speed has been recorded from Hong Kong Observatory- King's Park meteorological station, along with portable wind speed meter stand by as back up if malfunction occurred or data was not recorded from HKO

Noise

- 3.3.8. All noise measurements by the meter were set to FAST response and on the A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level (Leq) in decibels dB(A). LAeq(30min) was used as the monitoring metric for the time period between 0700 –1900 hours on normal weekdays. The measured noise levels were logged every 5 minutes throughout the monitoring period.
- 3.3.9. Prior to the noise measurement, the accuracy of the sound level meter was checked using an acoustic calibrator generating a known sound pressure level at a known frequency. Checking was conducted before and after the monitoring. The calibration level before and after the noise measurement is agreed to within 1.0 dB.

- 3.3.10. Noise measurements should not be made in presence of fog, rain, wind with a steady speed exceeding 5 ms⁻¹ or wind with gusts exceeding 10 ms⁻¹. The wind speed was checked with a portable wind speed meter capable of measuring with speeds in ms⁻¹.
- 3.4. Monitoring Locations

Air Quality

3.4.1. During the site visit, both of the original proposed dust monitoring locations were rejected due to the condition at The Coronation was not favorable for monitoring and the access was declined by the management office of Hong Kong Community College (HKCC) of PolyU. Two alternative air monitoring stations Yau Ma Tel Catholic Primary School (Hoi Wang Road) and Man Cheong Building had been proposed by ET and approved by IEC. 2 designated air monitoring locations were identified and agreed with IEC and EPD. Details of air monitoring stations are described in Table 3.3. The location plan of air quality monitoring stations is shown in Appendix K.

Air Quality Monitoring Station	Dust Monitoring Station
W-A1	Yau Ma Tei Catholic Primary School (Hoi Wang Road)
W-A6	Man Cheong Building

Table 3.3 Location of the Dust Monitoring Stations

Noise

3.4.2. During the site visit, one of the original proposed noise monitoring locations Tak Cheong Building was rejected by the president of the owner's corporation. Alternative noise monitoring station Hydan place had been proposed by ET and approved by IEC. 4 noise sensitive receivers designated noise monitoring locations were identified and agreed with IEC and EPD. The designated monitoring stations are identified and access was granted by the premises. The details of noise monitoring station are described in Table 3.4 and the location plan of noise monitoring station is shown in Appendix K.

Noise Monitoring Station	Identified Noise Monitoring Station	Type of Measurement
W-N1A	Yau Ma Tei Catholic Primary School (Hoi Wang Road)	Façade
W-N18	Hydan Place	Façade
W-N25A	Prosperous Garden Block 1	Façade
W-P11	The Coronation Tower 1	Façade

Table 3.4 Noise Monitoring Stations

- 3.5. Monitoring date, time, frequency and duration
- 3.5.1. A summary of impact monitoring duration, sampling parameter and frequency is presented in Table 3.5.

Impact Duration Sampling Parameter Frequency Monitoring 1-hour continuous Dust 1-hour TSP 3 times per six days measurement 24-hour continuous Dust 24-hour TSP Once per six days sampling Once $L_{eq\ 30\ min}$ from 0700-30-minute continuous L_{eq 30 min}, Noise measurement L_{10} and L_{90} as reference. 1900 per seven days

Table 3.5: Summary of Impact Monitoring Programme

3.6. Result Summary

Air Quality

3.6.1. According to our field observations, the major dust source identified at the designated air quality monitoring station in the reporting month are summarised in Table 3.6

Table 3.6 Observation at Dust Monitoring Station

Monitoring Station	Major Dust Source			
W-A1	nearby traffic, construction work from West Kowloon Government Offices			
W-A6	Nearby traffic			

3.6.2. Air quality impact monitoring for the reporting month was carried out on 3,9,15,21 and 26 May 2018. The results for 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP are summarized in Table 3.7 and Table 3.8. The measurement data and details of influencing factors such as weather conditions and site observation are presented in Appendix L.

Table 3.7 Summary of 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results

Monitoring Location	Range(µg/m ³)	Action Level(μg/m3)	Limit Level(µg/m3)
W-A1	54 – 126	319	500
W-A6	58 – 126	306	500

Table 3.8 Summary of 24-hour TSP Monitoring Results

Monitoring Location	Range(μg/m³)	Action Level(µg/m3)	Limit Level(µg/m3)
W-A1	27 – 69	167	260
W-A6	25 – 49	166	260

Noise

3.6.3. According to our field observations, the major noise source identified at the designated noise monitoring station in the reporting month are summarised in Table 3.9:

	Tweld the control with the first transfer of the control of the co			
Monitoring Station	Major Noise Source			
W-N1A	Nearby traffic, construction work from West			
W-IVIA	Kowloon Government Offices, school activities			
W-N18	Nearby traffic			
W-N25A	Nearby traffic			
W-P11	Nearby traffic			

Table 3.9 Observation at Noise Monitoring Stations

3.6.4. The construction noise impact monitoring for the reporting month was carried out on 3,9,15,21 and 26 May 2018. The measurement data are shown in Appendix M and summarized in Tables 3.10:

Table 210 Summary of 1 (one 1) on the first of the sum						
Time Period	Monitoring	Parameter	Range, dB(A)			
	location		\mathbf{L}_{eq}	L_{10}	L_{90}	
Normal working hour from 0700-1900	W-N1A	$ m L_{eq~30min}$	63.1–67.8	64.9-69.9	60.2–63.4	
	W-N18		64.3 – 65.8	65.9 – 67.3	60.5 – 62.6	
	W-N25A		66.7 – 67.8	69.2 – 70.4	62.6 – 63.5	
	W-P11		62.8 – 65.1	64.5 – 66.4	61.1 – 63.3	

Table 3.10 Summary of Noise Monitoring Results

3.7. Waste management

3.7.1. The waste generated from this Project includes inert construction and demolition (C&D) materials, and non-inert C&D materials. Non-inert C&D materials are made up of general refuse, vegetative wastes and recyclable wastes such as plastics and paper/cardboard packaging waste. Steel materials generated from the project are also grouped into non-inert C&D materials as the materials were not disposed of with other inert C&D materials. With reference to relevant handling records and trip tickets of this Project, the quantities of different types of waste generated in the reporting month are summarised in Table 4.11. Details of cumulative waste management data are presented as a waste flow table in Appendix N.

Table 4.11 Quantities of waste generated from the Project

			Q	uantity		
				Non-inert	C&D Materials	
Reporting period	Inert C&D Materials (in 'tonnes)	Chemical Waste (in 'tonnes)	Landfill	Paper/card board		Metals (in 'tonnes)
May-18	925.7	0	30.8	0	0	0

4. SUMMARY OF COMPLAINTS, NOTIFICATION OF SUMMONS AND PROSECUTIONS

4.1. The Environmental Complaint Handling Procedure is shown in below Table 5.1:

Table 4.1 Environmental Complaint Handling Procedure

Complaint Received via Project Hotline		Complaint Received vis	a 1823 or from other
1	3	government departments	
		1	
Contractor notify ER, ET	and IEC	ER notify Contractor, ET	and IEC
Contractor log complair	nt and date of receipt onto	o the complaint database. Co	ontractor, ER and ET to
	conduct investig	gation of complaint	
If complaint is considere	d not valid	If complaint is found vali	d
ET or ER to reply the con	mplainant if necessary	Contractor to identify a	nd implement remedial
		measures in consultation	with the IEC, ET and
		ER.	
		The ER, ET and IEC to	review the effectiveness
		of the Contractor's remo	edial measures and the
		updated situation; ET t	to undertake additional
		monitoring and audit to	verify the situation if
		necessary, and oversee th	at circumstances leading
		to the complaint do no	t recur. ER to conduct
		further inspection as nece	ssary.
_	•	tractor to prepare interim re	-
	-	ipulated above, including the	
measures and additional monitoring identified or already taken, for submission to EPD within the			
	time frame assigned by the EPD		
			,
The ET to record the details of the complaint, results of the investigation, subsequent actions taken to			

address the complaint and updated situation including the effectiveness of the remedial measures, supported by regular and additional monitoring results in the monthly EM&A reports

- 4.2. Should non-compliance of the criteria occur, action in accordance with the Action Plan in Appendix D and Appendix E shall be carried out.
- 4.3. No exceedance of the Action and Limit Levels of the regular construction noise was recorded during the reporting period
- 4.4. No exceedance of the Action and Limit Level of 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP monitoring was recording during the reporting period.
- 4.5. No environmental complaint was received in the reporting period.
- 4.6. No notification of summons and prosecution was received in the reporting period.
- 4.7. Statistics on complaints, notifications of summons and successful prosecutions are summarized in Appendix O.

5. EM&A SITE INSPECTION

- 5.1. Site inspections were carried out on a weekly basis to monitor the implementation of proper environmental pollution control and mitigation measures under the Contract. In the reporting period, five (5) site inspections were carried out on 3,10,17,24 and 31 May 2018, along with bi-weekly inspection of the implementation of landscape and visual mitigation measures conducted on 10 and 24 May 2018.
- 5.2. One joint site inspection with IEC also undertaken on 10 May 2018. Minor deficiencies were observed during weekly site inspection or joint site inspection. Key observations during the site inspections are summarized in Table 5.1.

Table 5.1 Site Observations

Table 3.1 Site Observations						
Date	Environmental Observations	Follow-up Status				
3 May 2018	Observation(s) and Recommendation(s) 1. Garbage should be cleaned up at portion 15. 2. A stockpile was found uncovered at portion 15. 3. A retained tree at site office location was found unprotected by tree fence. 4. A stockpile was not well covered at portion 22A. 5. Overgrown vegetations were found along the ditch in YMT police station. 6. Sedimentation tank should be installed at Methandone site for water treatment before discharged.	1. Garbage has been cleaned up at Portion 15. 2. The stockpile was backfilled on the same day. 3. The tree protection zone was well established. 4. The stockpile was well covered at Portion 22A. 5. The vegetations along the ditch in YMT police station were removed. 6. Sedimentation tank was provided at Portion 7 for				
10 May 2018	 Observation(s) and Recommendation(s) 1. At portion 15, a piece of oil stain was found on ground between site containers area. Stain should be socked up by absorbent paper and disposed of as chemical waste. 2. At portion 15, a drip tray was found without plug. 3. At portion 18, area approaching new site office, accumulation of stagnant water was found in a plastic bucket. 4. Many sands were spred outside the site boundary of portion 18 (new site office area). 5. In order to prevent untreated runoff from flowing into storm drain system at Methandone clinic area, use of pump and desilting device are recommended in addition to the sedimentation. 	water treatment. 1. Oil stain was socked up by absorbent and disposed of as chemical waste. 2. The drip tray was plugged. 3. Stagnant water was removed and turned upside down to prevent accumulation of stagnant water. 4. Sand and mud were cleaned up outside the site boundary of Portion 18. 5. Pump was well prepared at the low level and the drainage system was well protected.				
17 May 2018	Observation(s) and Recommendation(s) 1. At portion 15, stockpile should be covered by tarpaulin. 2. At portion 15, noisy plant should be put	 The stockpile was disposed of at the public fill. The generator was relocated behind the silo tanks which 				

	away from NSR and fenced with sound proof hoarding.		act as the obstacle to screen noise.
	3. At portion 18, retained tree should be protected by tree fence.	3.	The tree protection zone was established for the tree.
	4. At portion 22A, a drip tray was found without plug.	4.	The hole on the drip tray was sealed.
	Observation(s) and Recommendation(s)	1.	Stockpile was covered
24 May 2018	1. At portion 13, stockpile should be covered		properly with tarpaulin when
	when not in work.		not in work.
	Observation(s) and Recommendation(s)	1.	Debris was and construction
	1. At portion 13, a drip tray was found filled		materials were removed from
	with soil, construction materials and fire		the drip tray.
31 May 2018	extinguisher.	2.	Sand bag bunding was
	2. At methandone site area, dike or sand bags		provided at Methadone
	should be used to prevent runoff from		Clinic to prevent runoff from
	flowing out of the site area.		flowing out of the site area.

- 5.3. The Contractor has rectified all of the observations identified during environmental site inspections in the reporting period.
- 5.4. According to the EIA Study Report, Environmental Permit, contract documents and EM&A Manual, the mitigation measures detailed in the documents are implemented as much as practical during the reporting period. An updated Implementation Status of Environmental Mitigation Measures (EMIS) is provided in Appendix F.

6. FUTURE KEY ISSUES

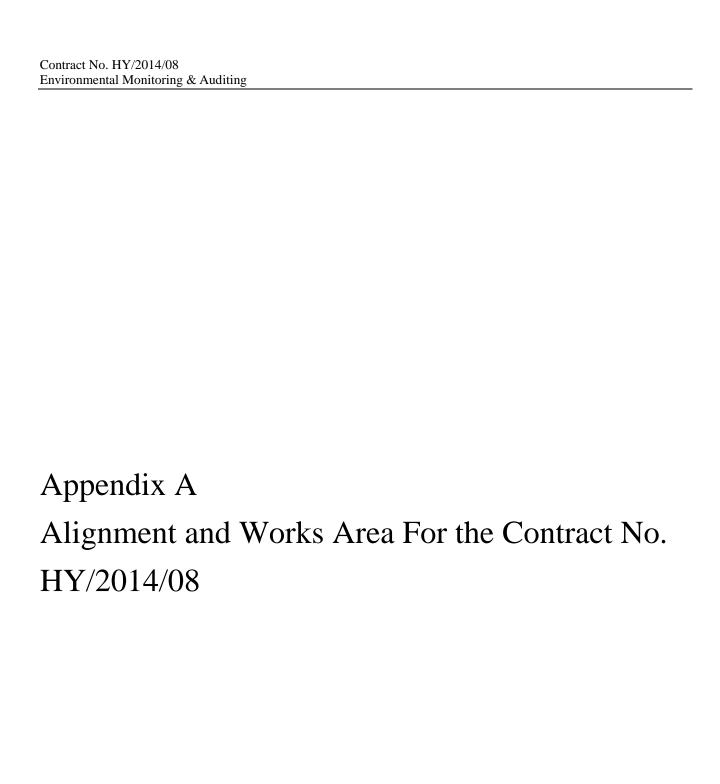
- 6.1. Work to be undertaken in the next reporting month are:
 - Internal set up of CLC
 - Erection of Engineer Office and Contractor Office
 - Foundation and Superstructure works for New West Building of MC and New Access to Lift Lobby
 - Predrilling works and Construct Guide wall at Portion 8B, 8C, 8D (YMTAS)
 - Install Prebored Socket H-Pile at Portion 9 (TPLBJHB)
 - Install Prebored Socket H-Pile at MCHC
 - Construction of New Access Road to Fruit Market
 - Guide wall and D-wall construction at Zone A
 - Implementation of Temporary Traffic Management (TTM)
 - Dismantling of old CLC

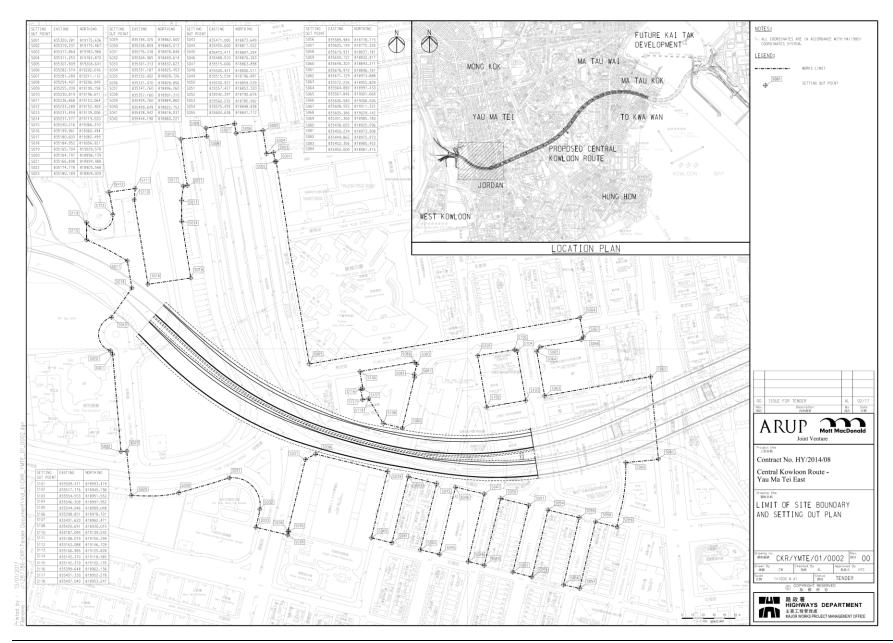
Potential environmental impacts arising from the above construction activities are mainly associated with dust, construction noise and waste management.

- 6.2. The tentative schedule of regular construction noise monitoring, 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP monitoring in the next reporting period is presented in Appendix P. The regular construction noise monitoring, 1-hour TSP monitoring 24-hour TSP monitoring will be conducted at the same monitoring locations in the next reporting period.
- 6.3. The construction programme for the Project for the next reporting month is presented in Appendix B.

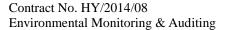
7. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- 7.1. This 2nd monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report presents the EM&A works undertaken during the period from 1 May 2018 to 31 May 2018 in accordance with the EM&A Manual and the requirement under EP- 457/2013/C and FEP-02/457/2013/C.
 - 7.2. Air quality (including 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP) and noise impact monitoring were carried out in the reporting period. All monitoring results are satisfactory. No exceedance of the Action and Limit Level was recorded during the reporting period.
 - 7.3. Weekly environmental site inspection were conducted during the reporting period. Joint site inspection with IEC were carried out on 10 May 2018. Minor deficiencies were observed during site inspection and were rectified within the specified deadlines. The environmental performance of the Project was therefore considered satisfactory.
 - 7.4. No environmental complaint was received in the reporting period.
 - 7.5. No notification of summons or prosecution was received since commencement of the Contract.
 - 7.6. The ET will keep track on the construction works to confirm compliance of environmental requirements and the proper implementation of all necessary mitigation measures.

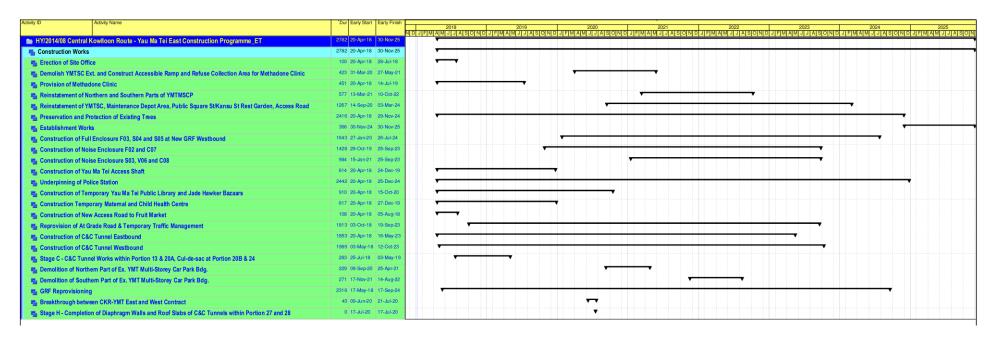


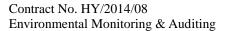


Acuity Sustainability Consulting Ltd.



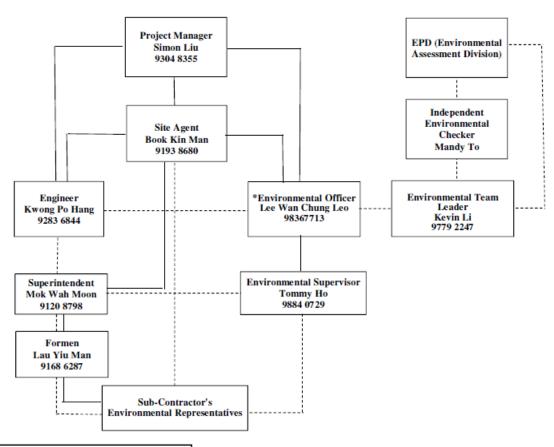
Appendix B
Construction Programme





Appendix C Project Organization Chart

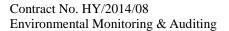
Project O-Chart



Line of Responsibility

---- Line of Communication

(*) - person responsible for updating the EMP, WFT and summary table for timber



Appendix D

Dust Event-Action Plan (EAP)

EVENT	ACTION							
EVENI	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR				
ACTION LEV	ACTION LEVEL							
1.Exceedance for one sample	Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; Inform IEC and ER; Repeat measurement to confirm finding; Increase monitoring frequency to daily.	 Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method. 	1. Notify Contractor.	 Rectify any unacceptable practice; Amend working methods if appropriate. 				
2.Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	 Identify source; Inform IEC and ER; Advise the ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; Repeat measurements to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency to daily; Discuss with IEC and Contractor on remedial actions required; If exceedance continues, arrange meeting with IEC and ER; If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. 	 Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method; Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures; Advise the ET on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; Supervise Implementation of remedial measures. 	Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented.	 Submit proposals for remedial to ER within 3 working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Amend proposal if appropriate. 				
LIMIT LEVEL	LIMIT LEVEL							
1.Exceedance for one sample	Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; Inform ER, Contractor and	 Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method; 	Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor;	Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC				

EVENT	ACTION ACTION				
EVENI	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR	
	 EPD; 3. Repeat measurement to confirm finding; 4. Increase monitoring frequency to daily; 5. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results. 	 3. Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures; 4. Advise the ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; 5. Supervise implementation of remedial measures. 	3. Ensure remedial measures properly implemented.	within 3 working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; 4. Amend proposal if appropriate.	
2.Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	 Notify IEC, ER, Contractor and EPD; Identify source; Repeat measurement to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency to daily; Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; Arrange meeting with IEC and ER to discuss the remedial actions to be taken; Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results; If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. 	 Discuss amongst ER, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions; Review Contractor's remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER accordingly; Supervise the implementation of remedial measures. 	 Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; In consultation with the IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented; If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated. 	 Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER until the exceedance is abated. 	

Note:

ET – Environmental Team

ER – Engineer's Representative

IEC – Independent Environmental Checker



Appendix E Noise Event-Action Plan (EAP)

EVEN T	ACTION						
	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR			
Action Level	 Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; Notify IEC and Contractor; Report the results of investigation to the IEC, ER and Contractor; Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures; Increase monitoring frequency to check mitigation effectiveness. 	 Review the analysed results submitted by the ET; Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; Supervise the implementation of remedial measures. 	 Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem; Ensure remedial measures are properly implemented 	Submit noise mitigation proposals to IEC; Implement noise mitigation proposals.			
Limit Level	 Identify source; Inform IEC, ER, EPD and Contractor; Repeat measurements to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency; Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; 	 Discuss amongst ER, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions; Review Contractors remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER accordingly; Supervise the implementation of remedial measures. 	 Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented; 	 Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER 			

EVEN T	ACTION							
	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR				
	6. Inform IEC, ER and EPD the		5. If exceedance continues,	until the exceedance is abated.				
	causes and actions taken for the		consider what portion of the					
	exceedances;		work is responsible and					
	7. Assess effectiveness of		instruct the Contractor to					
	Contractor's remedial actions and		stop that portion of work					
	keep IEC, EPD and ER informed		until the exceedance is					
	of the results;		abated.					
	8. If exceedance stops, cease							
	additional monitoring.							

Note:

ET – Environmental Team

IEC – Independent Environmental Checker

ER – Engineer's Representative

Contract No. HY/2014/08
Environmental Monitoring & Auditing

Appendix F
Environmental Mitigation Implementation
Schedule (EMIS)

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved			
	Construction Dust Impact									
\$4.3.10	D1	The contractor shall follow the procedures and requirements given in the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation	Minimize dust impact at the nearby sensitive receivers	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	APCO To control the dust impact To meet HKAQO and TM-EIA criteria			
\$4.3.10	D2	• Mitigation measures in form of regular watering under a good site practice should be adopted. Watering once per hour on exposed worksites and haul road should be conducted to achieve dust removal efficiencies of 91.7%. While the above watering frequencies are to be followed, the extent of watering may vary depending on actual site conditions but should be sufficient to maintain an equivalent intensity of no less than 1.3 L/m² to achieve the dust removal efficiency.	Minimize dust impact at the nearby sensitive receivers	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	APCO To control the dust impact To meet HKAQO and TM-EIA criteria			
\$4.3.10		 Proper watering at exposed spoil should be undertaken throughout the construction phase; Any excavated or stockpile of dusty material should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or sprayed with water to maintain the entire surface wet and then removed or backfilled or reinstated where practicable within 24 hours of the excavation or unloading; Any dusty materials remaining after a stockpile is removed should be wetted with water and cleared from the surface of roads; A stockpile of dusty material should not be extended beyond the pedestrian barriers, fencing or traffic cones; The load of dusty materials on a vehicle leaving a construction site should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting to 	Minimize dust impact at the nearby sensitive receivers	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	APCO To control the dust impact To meet HKAQO and TM-EIA criteria			

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		 ensure that the dusty materials do not leak from the vehicle. Where practicable, vehicle washing facilities with high pressure water jet should be provided at every discernible or designated vehicle exit point. The area where vehicle washing takes place and the road section between the washing facilities and the exit point should be paved with concrete, bituminous materials or hardcores; When there are open excavation and reinstatement works, hoarding of not less than 2.4m high should be provided and properly maintained as far as practicable along the site boundary with provision for public crossing. Good site practice shall also be adopted by the Contractor to ensure the conditions of the hoardings are properly maintained throughout the construction period; The portion of any road leading only to construction site that is within 30m of a vehicle entrance or exit should be kept clear of dusty materials; Surfaces where any pneumatic or power-driven drilling, cutting, polishing or other mechanical breaking operation takes place should be sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical continuously; Any area that involves demolition activities should be sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical immediately prior to, during and immediately after the activities so as to maintain the entire surface wet; Any skip hoist for material transport should be totally enclosed by impervious sheeting; Every stock of more than 20 bags of cement or dry-pulverised fuel ash (PFA) should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or placed in an area sheltered on the top and the 3 sides; 					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		 Loading, unloading, transfer, handling or storage of bulk cement or dry PFA should be carried out in a totally enclosed system or facility, and any vent or exhaust should be fitted with an effective fabric filter or equivalent air pollution control system Exposed earth should be properly treated by compaction, turfing, hydroseeding, vegetation planting or sealing with latex, vinyl, bitumen, shotcrete or other suitable surface stabilizer within six months after the last construction activity on the construction site or part of the construction site where the exposed earth lies. 					
S4.3.10		Implement regular dust monitoring under EM&A programme during the construction stage.	Monitoring of dust impact	Contractor	Selected rep. dust monitoring station	Construction stage	• TM-EIA
			Construction Noise (A	irborne)	•		
S5.4.1	N1	 Implement the following good site practices: Only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction programme; Machines and plant (such as trucks, cranes) that may be in intermittent use should be shut down between work periods or should be throttled down to a minimum; Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction, where possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from nearby NSRs; Silencers or mufflers on construction equipment should be properly fitted and maintained during the construction works; Mobile plant should be sited as far away from NSRs as possible and practicable; 	Control construction airborne noise	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	• Annex 5, TM-EIAO

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		Material stockpiles, mobile container site office and other structures should be effectively utilized, where practicable, to screen noise from on-site construction activities.					
S5.4.1	N2	Install temporary hoarding located on the site boundaries between noisy construction activities and NSRs. The conditions of hoardings shall be properly maintained throughout the construction period.	Reduce the construction noise levels at low-level zone of NSRs through partial screening	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	• Annex 5, TM-EIAO
S5.4.1	N3	Install movable noise barriers (typical design is wooden framed barrier with a small-cantilevered on a skid footing with 25mm thick internal sound absorptive lining), acoustic mat or full enclosure, screen the noisy plants including air compressors, generators and handheld breakers, etc.	Sreen the noisy plant items to be used at all construction sites	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	Construction stage	• Annex 5, TM-EIAO
S5.4.1	N4	Use 'Quiet plant'	Reduce the noise levels of plant items	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	Construction stage	Annex 5, TM-EIAO
\$5.4.1	N5	Loading/ unloading activities should be carried out inside the full enclosure of mucking out points.	Reduce the noise levels of loading/unloading activities	Contractor	Mucking out locations	Construction stage	• Annex 5, TM-EIAO
\$5.4.1	N6	Sequencing operation of construction plants where practicable.	Operate sequentially within the same work site to reduce the construction airborne noise	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	Construction stage	• Annex 5, TM-EIAO

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
S5.4.1		Implement a noise monitoring programme under EM&A programme. Water	Monitor the construction noise levels at the selected representative locations Quality (Construction	Contractor	Selected rep. noise monitoring station	Construction stage	• TM-EIAO
S6.9.1.1		In accordance with the Practice Note for Professional Persons on Construction Site Drainage, Environmental Protection Department, 1994 (ProPECC PN1/94), construction phase mitigation measures shall include the following: Construction Runoff At the start of site establishment, perimeter cut-off drains to direct off-site water around the site should be constructed with internal drainage works and erosion and sedimentation control facilities implemented. Channels (both temporary and permanent drainage pipes and culverts), earth bunds or sand bag barriers should be provided on site to direct stormwater to silt removal facilities. The design of the temporary on-site drainage system will be undertaken by the contractor prior to the commencement of construction; The dikes or embankments for flood protection should be implemented around the boundaries of earthwork areas. Temporary ditches should be provided to facilitate the runoff discharge into an appropriate watercourse, through a silt/ sediment trap. The sediment/ silt traps should be incorporated in the permanent drainage channels to enhance deposition rates; The design of efficient silt removal facilities should be based on the guidelines in Appendix A1 of ProPECC PN 1/94, which	To minimize water quality impact from the construction site runoff and general construction activities	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	Construction stage	Water Pollution Control Ordinance ProPECC PN 1/94 TM-EIAO TM-DSS

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		states that the retention time for silt/ sand traps should be 5 minutes under maximum flow conditions. Sizes may vary depending upon the flow rate, but for a flow rate of 0.1 m³/s a sedimentation basin of 30 m³ would be required and for a flow rate of 0.5 m³/s the basin would be 150 m³. The detailed design of the sand/ silt traps shall be undertaken by the contractor prior to the commencement of construction; • All exposed earth areas should be completed and vegetated as soon as possible after earthworks have been completed, or alternatively, within 14 days of the cessation of earthworks where practicable. Exposed slope surfaces should be covered by tarpaulin or other means; • The overall slope of the site should be kept to a minimum to reduce the erosive potential of surface water flows, and all traffic areas and access roads protected by coarse stone ballast. An additional advantage accruing from the use of crushed stone is the positive traction gained during prolonged periods of inclement weather and the reduction of surface sheet flows; • All drainage facilities and erosion and sediment control structures should be regularly inspected and maintained to ensure proper and efficient operation at all times and particularly following rainstorms. Deposited silt and grit should be removed regularly and disposed of by spreading evenly over stable, vegetated areas; • Measures should be taken to minimize the ingress of site drainage into excavations. If the excavation of trenches in wet periods is necessary, they should be dug and backfilled in short sections wherever practicable. Water pumped out from trenches or foundation excavations should be discharged into storm drains via silt removal facilities;					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		 Open stockpiles of construction materials (for example, aggregates, sand and fill material) of more than 50m³ should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms. Measures should be taken to prevent the washing away of construction materials, soil, silt or debris into any drainage system; Manholes should always be adequately covered and temporarily sealed so as to prevent silt, construction materials or debris being washed into the drainage system and storm runoff being directed into foul sewers; Precautions be taken at any time of year when rainstorms are likely, actions to be taken when a rainstorm is imminent or forecasted, and actions to be taken during or after rainstorms are summarized in Appendix A2 of ProPECC PN 1/94. Particular attention should be paid to the control of silty surface runoff during storm events, especially for areas located near steep slopes; All vehicles and plant should be cleaned before leaving a construction site to ensure no earth, mud, debris and the like is deposited by them on roads. An adequately designed and site wheel washing facilities should be provided at every construction site exit where practicable. Wash-water should have sand and silt settled out and removed at least on a weekly basis to ensure the continued efficiency of the process. The section of access road leading to, and exiting from, the wheel wash bay to the public road should be paved with sufficient backfall toward the wheel wash bay to prevent vehicle tracking of soil and silty water to public roads and drains; Oil interceptors should be provided in the drainage system downstream of any oil/ fuel pollution sources. The oil 					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		 interceptors should be emptied and cleaned regularly to prevent the release of oil and grease into the storm water drainage system after accidental spillage. A bypass should be provided for the oil interceptors to prevent flushing during heavy rain; Construction solid waste, debris and rubbish on site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid water quality impacts; All fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with locks and sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank to prevent spilled fuel oils from reaching water sensitive receivers nearby; Adopt best management practices; All earth works should be conducted sequentially to limit the amount of construction runoff generated from exposed areas during the wet season (April to September) as far as practicable. 					
\$6.9.1.2	W2	 Cut-&-cover tunnelling work should be conducted sequentially to limit the amount of construction runoff generated from exposed areas during the wet season (April to September) as far as practicable. Uncontaminated discharge should pass through sedimentation tanks prior to off-site discharge; The wastewater with a high concentration of SS should be treated (e.g. by sedimentation tanks with sufficient retention time) before discharge. Oil interceptors would also be required to remove the oil, lubricants and grease from the wastewater; 	To minimize construction water quality impact from tunneling works	Contractor	All tunneling portion	Construction stage	Water Pollution Control Ordinance ProPECC PN 1/94 TM-DSS TM-EIAO

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		• Direct discharge of the bentonite slurry (as a result of D-wall) is not allowed. It should be reconditioned and reused wherever practicable. Temporary storage locations (typically a properly closed warehouse) should be provided on site for any unused bentonite that needs to be transported away after all the related construction activities area completed. The requirements in ProPECC PN 1/94 should be adhered to in the handling and disposal of bentonite slurries.					
S6.9.1.3	W3	Portable chemical toilets and sewage holding tanks are recommended for handling the construction sewage generated by the workforce. A licensed contractor should be employed to provide appropriate and adequate portable toilets and be responsible for appropriate disposal and maintenance.	To minimize water quality from sewage effluent	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	Construction stage	Water Pollution Control Ordinance TM-DSS
S6.9.1.5	W4	 No direct discharge of groundwater from contaminated areas should be adopted. A discharge license under the WPCO through the Regional Office of EPD for groundwater discharge should be applied. Prior to the excavation works within these potentially contaminated areas, the groundwater quality should be reviewed during the process of discharge license application. The compliance to the Technical Memorandum on Standards for Effluents Discharged into Drainage on Sewerage Systems, Inland and Coastal Waters (TM-DSS) and the existence of prohibited substance should be confirmed. If the review results indicated that the groundwater to be generated from 	To minimize groundwater quality impact from contaminated area	Contractor	Excavation areas where contaminatio n is found	Construction stage	Water Pollution Control Ordinance TM-DSS TM-EIAO

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		the excavation works would be contaminated, the contaminated groundwater should be either properly treated in compliance with the requirements of the TM-DSS or properly recharged into the ground. • If wastewater treatment is deployed, the wastewater treatment unit shall deploy suitable treatment process (e.g. oil interceptor / activated carbon) to reduce the pollution level to an acceptable standard and remove any prohibited substances (e.g. TPH) to undetectable range. All treated effluent from wastewater treatment plant shall meet the requirements as stated in TM-DSS and should be discharged into the foul sewers. • If groundwater recharging wells are deployed, recharging wells should be installed as appropriate for recharging the contaminated groundwater back into the ground. The recharging wells should be selected at places where the groundwater quality will not be affected by the recharge operation as indicated in the Section 2.3 of TM-DSS. The baseline groundwater quality shall be determined prior to the selection of the recharge wells, and submit a working plan (including the laboratory analytical results showing the quality of groundwater at the proposed recharge location(s) as well as the pollutant levels of groundwater to be recharged) to EPD for agreement. Pollution levels of groundwater to be recharge, any prohibited substances such as TPH products should be removed as necessary by installing the petrol interceptor.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
S6.9.1.6		Accidental Spillage In order to prevent accidental spillage of chemicals, the following is recommended: • All the tanks, containers, storage area should be bunded and the locations should be locked as far as possible from the sensitive watercourse and stormwater drains; • The Contractor should register as a chemical waste producer if chemical wastes would be generated. Storage of chemical waste arising from the construction activities should be stored with suitable labels and warnings. Disposal of chemical wastes should be conducted in compliance with the requirements as stated in the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.	To minimize water quality impact from accidental spillage	Contractor	All construction site where practicable	Construction stage	Water Pollution Control Ordinance ProPECC PN 1/94 TM-EIAO TM-DSS
		waste ma	magement (construc	tion waste)			
S7.4.1	WM1	 On-site sorting of C&D material Geological assessment should be carried out by competent persons on site during excavation to identify materials which are not suitable to use as aggregate in structural concrete (e.g. volcanic rock, Aplite dyke rock, etc.). Volcanic rock and Aplite dyke rock should be separated at the source sites as far as practicable and stored at designated stockpile area preventing them from delivering to crushing facilities. The crushing plant operator should also be reminded to set up measures to prevent unsuitable rock from ending up at concrete batching plants and be turned into concrete for structural use. Details regarding control measures at source 	Separation of unsuitable rock from ending up at concrete batching plants and be turned into concrete for structural use	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	• DEVB (W) No. 6/2010

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		site and crushing facilities should be submitted by the Contractor for the Engineer to review and agree. In addition, site records should also be kept for the types of rock materials excavated and the traceability of delivery will be ensured with the implementation of Trip Ticket System and enforced by site supervisory staff as stipulated under DEVB TC(W) No. 6/2010 for tracking of the correct delivery to the rock crushing facilities for processing into aggregates. Alternative disposal option for the reuse of volcanic rock and Aplite Dyke rock, etc. should be explored.					
\$7.5.1	WM2	 Construction and Demolition Material Maintain temporary stockpiles and reuse excavated fill material for backfilling and reinstatement; Carry out on-site sorting; Make provisions in the Contract documents to allow and promote the use of recycled aggregates where appropriate; Adopt 'selective demolition' technique to demolish the existing structures and facilities with a view to recovering broken concrete effectively for recycling purpose, where possible; Implement a trip-ticket system for each works contract to ensure that the disposal of C&D materials are properly documented and verified; and Implement an enhanced Waste Management Plan similar to ETWBTC (Works) No. 19/2005 – "Environmental Management on Construction Sites" to encourage on-site sorting of C&D materials and to minimize their generation during the course of construction. 	Good site practice to minimize the waste generation and recycle the C&D materials as far as practicable so as to reduce the amount for final disposal	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	Land (Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
S7.5.1	WM3	 C&D Waste Standard formwork or pre-fabrication should be used as far as practicable in order to minimize the arising of C&D materials. The use of more durable formwork or plastic facing for the construction works should be considered. Use of wooden hoardings should not be used, as in other projects. Metal hoarding should be used to enhance the possibility of recycling. The purchasing of construction materials will be carefully planned in order to avoid over ordering and wastage; The Contractor should recycle as much of the C&D materials as possible on-site. Public fill and C&D waste should be segregated and stored in different containers or skips to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal. Where practicable, concrete and masonry can be crushed and used as fill. Steel reinforcement bar can be used by scrap steel mills. Different areas of the sites should be considered for such segregation and storage. 	Good site practice to minimize the waste generation and recycle the C&D materials as far as practicable so as to reduce the amount for final disposal	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	Land (Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No. 19/2005
S7.5.1	WM5	 All construction plant and equipment shall be designed and maintained to minimize the risk of silt, sediments, contaminants or other pollutants being released into the water column or deposited in the locations other than designated location; All vessels shall be sized such that adequate draft is maintained between vessels and the sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propeller wash; Before moving the vessels which are used for transporting dredged material, excess material shall be cleaned from the decks and exposed fittings of vessels and the excess materials shall never be dumped into the sea except at the approved 	To control pollution due to marine sediment	Contractor	Along CKR alignment	Construction stage	• ETWB TCW No. 34/2002

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		 locations; Adequate freeboard shall be maintained on barges to ensure that decks are not washed by wave action. The Contractors shall monitor all vessels transporting material to ensure that no dumping outside the approved location takes place. The Contractor shall keep and produce logs and other records to demonstrate compliance and that journeys are consistent with designated locations and copies of such records shall be submitted to the engineers; The Contractors shall comply with the conditions in the dumping licence. All bottom dumping vessels (Hopper barges) shall be fitted with tight fittings seals to their bottom openings to prevent leakage of material; The material shall be placed into the disposal pit by bottom dumping; Contaminated marine mud shall be transported by spit barge of not less than 750m3 capacity and capable of rapid opening and discharge at the disposal site; Discharge shall be undertaken rapidly and the hoppers shall be closed immediately. Material adhering to the sides of the hopper shall not be washed out of the hopper and the hopper shall remain closed until the barge returns to the disposal site. For Type 3 special disposal treatment, sealing of contaminant with geosynthetic containment before dropping designated mud pit would be a possible arrangement. A geosynthetic containment method is a method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containers and, the containers would be dropped into the designated contaminated mud pit where they would be covered by further mud disposal and later by the mud pit capping at the disposal site, thereby fulfilling the 					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		requirements for fully confined mud disposal.					
\$7.5.1	WM6	 Chemical Waste Chemical waste that is produced, as defined by Schedule 1 of the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation, should be handled in accordance with the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes; Containers used for the storage of chemical wastes should be suitable for the substance they are holding, resistant to corrosion, maintained in a good condition, and securely closed, have a capacity of less than 450 L unless the specification has been approved by EPD, and display a label in English and Chinese in accordance with instructions prescribed in Schedule 2 of the regulation; The storage area for chemical wastes should be clearly labelled and used solely for the storage of chemical waste, enclosed on at least 3 sides, have an impermeable floor and bunding of sufficient capacity to accommodate 110% of the volume of the largest container or 20% of the total volume of waste stored in that area, whichever is the greatest, have adequate ventilation, covered to prevent rainfall entering, and arranged so that incompatible materials are adequately separated; Disposal of chemical waste should be via a licensed waste collector, be to a facility licensed to receive chemical waste, such as the Chemical Waste Treatment Centre which also offers a chemical waste collection service and can supply the necessary storage containers, or be to a reuser of the waste, under approval from EPD. 	Control the chemical waste and ensure proper storage, handling and disposal	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Waste

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
\$7.5.1	WM7	 General Refuse General refuse generated on-site should be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separately from construction and chemical wastes; A reputable waste collector should be employed by the Contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately from construction and chemical wastes, on a daily basis to minimize odour, pest and litter impacts. Burning of refuse on construction sites is prohibited by law. Aluminum cans are often recovered from the waste stream by individual collectors if they are segregated and made easily accessible. Separate labelled bins for their deposit should be provided if feasible; Office wastes can be reduced through the recycling of paper if volumes are large enough to warrant collection. Participation in a local collection scheme should be considered by the Contractor. 	Minimize production of the general refuse and avoid odour, pest and litter impacts	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	Waste Disposal Ordinance
			Land Contamina	tion			
S8.9 & Appendi x 8.4	LC2	 Excavation of the Contaminated Soil Prior to commencement of the excavation works at the contamination zone, the zone should be clearly marked out on site and the surface levels recorded. Excavation of contaminated material should be undertaken using dedicated earth-moving plant. The excavated contaminated soils would be stockpiled at designated area on site and covered by sheet to prevent dispersion of contamination during stockpiling. The Contractor should pay attention to the selection of suitable groundwater lowering schemes and discharge points if the groundwater table is higher than the contaminated soils 	The contaminated soil will be excavated for on-site reuse	Contractor	PBH4	Prior to commencement of construction works within the contaminated area	Practice Guide (PG) for Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Land Guidance Notes for Contaminated Land Assessment and Remediation Guidance Manual for Use of

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recomn	nended Mitigation	Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		Water Pollution Co	during excavation. The Contractor should also obtain a valid Water Pollution Control Ordinance (WPCO) discharge licence from EPD where applicable.						Risk-Based Remediation Goals (RBRGs) for Contaminated
S8.9 & Appendi x 8.4		at least one samples amples evenly excavation shall be the acceptance critical Locations PBH4 • If the results of a further excavation If the analysis ind noncompliance of the shall be carried out horizontally depending has exceeded the accepte conducted for compliance and compliance and compliance of the shall be carried out horizontally depending has exceeded the accepte conducted for compliance and compliance and compliance of the shall be carried out horizontally depending has exceeded the accepte conducted for compliance and compliance and compliance and compliance are shall be carried to the sample of	le from the base of the distributed along the taken for a closure iterion is shown below the first in gradient and the first in the fir	RBRGs (Public Park), no f contamination (i.e. ia), further excavation lent vertically and/or of the sample(s) which ther sampling shall also					Contaminated Land Management
Appendi x 8.4	LC4	A Remediation Report (RR) to demonstrate adequate clean-up shall be prepared and submitted to EPD for endorsement prior to the commencement of any construction/development works within the sites. No construction/development works							

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		shall be carried out prior to the endorsement of the RR by EPD.					
	•		Hazard to Life	2			
59.18	H1	Blasting activities regarding transport and use of explosives should be supervised and audited by competent site staff to ensure full compliance with the blasting permit conditions.	To ensure that the risks from the proposed explosives handling and transport would be acceptable	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	Dangerous Goods Ordinance
S9.6, para.4	H2	Detonators shall not be transported in the same vehicle with other Category 1 Dangerous Goods.	To reduce the risk of explosion during the transport of cartridged emulsion	Contractor	-	Construction stage	Dangerous Goods Ordinance
S9.6, para.8	Н3	The explosives delivery trucks should be approved by Mines Division and should meet the regulatory requirements for transport of explosives.	To comply with the requirements for approval of an explosives delivery vehicle	Contractor	-	Construction stage	Dangerous Goods Ordinance
S9.10, para.7 and S9.18	H4	Blast cover should be provided for shaft at HMT, and kept closed during blasting. Provision of blast doors or heavy duty blast curtains should be implemented at the shaft to prevent flyrock and control the air overpressure.	To ensure safe use of explosives	Contractor	Shaft	Construction stage	-
\$9.16	H5	Only the required quantity of explosives for a particular blast should be transported to avoid the return.	To reduce risks during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
\$9.18	H7	The approved truck dedicated for transport of explosives should comply with the "Guidance Note on Requirements for Approval of an Explosives Delivery Vehicle" issued by CEDD Mines Division. The truck should be periodically inspected and properly maintained in good operation conditions. The fuel carried in the fuel tank should be minimized to reduce the duration of fire. Adequate fire fighting equipment shall be provided, inspected and replaced periodically (e.g. fire extinguishers).	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas of which explosives would be used	Construction stage	Dangerous Goods Ordinance
\$9.18		The driver and his assistant should be physically healthy, experienced and have good safe driving records. The driver should hold a proper driving licence for the approved transport truck. Dedicated training programme and regular road safety briefing sessions/ workshops should be provided to enhance their safe driving attitude and practice. Smoking should be strictly prohibited.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-
\$9.18		Emergency response plans in case of road accident should be prepared and implemented. The driver and his assistant should be familiar with the emergency procedures including evacuation, and proper communication/ fire-fighting equipment should be provided to the driver and his assistant.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-
\$9.18	H10	Close liaison and communication among Mines Division, Contractors for transport of explosives, and working staff of the blasting should be established. In case of any change of work schedule leading to cancellation or variation of explosives required, relevant parties should be informed in time to avoid unused explosives at the work sites.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-
\$9.18		Close liaison and communication with Fire Services Department should be established to reduce the accidental detonation escalated from a fire. The contractors for transport of explosives should use the preferred transport routes as far as practicable.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
S9.18	H12	Contingency plan should be prepared for transport of explosives under severe weather conditions such as rainstorms and thunderstorms.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-
S9.18		For explosive transport, all packages of explosives on the truck should be properly stored in the truck compartment as required. Packaging of the explosives should remain intact (i.e. damage free) until they are transferred to the blasting site.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-
S9.18	H14	Availability of a parking space should be ensured before commencement of transport of explosives. Location for loading and unloading of explosives should be as close as possible to the shaft. No hot work should be performed in the vicinity during the time of loading and unloading.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-
S9.18	H22	It is recommended to explore to minimize the use of the cartridged emulsion explosives and maximize the use of bulk emulsion explosive as far as practicable.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-
S9.18		It is recommended to explore to use smaller explosive charges such as 'cast boosters' or 'mini-cast booster' instead of cartridged emulsion as primers for bulk emulsion. This option reduces the quantity of explosives required for transportation for the sections where bulk emulsion will be used.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-
			Landscape & Vis	sual			
S10.10.1 Table 10.11	LV3	Good Site Management • Large temporary stockpiles of excavated material shall be covered with unobtrusive sheeting to prevent dust and dirt	Minimize visual impact	Contractor	Within Project site	Construction stage	-

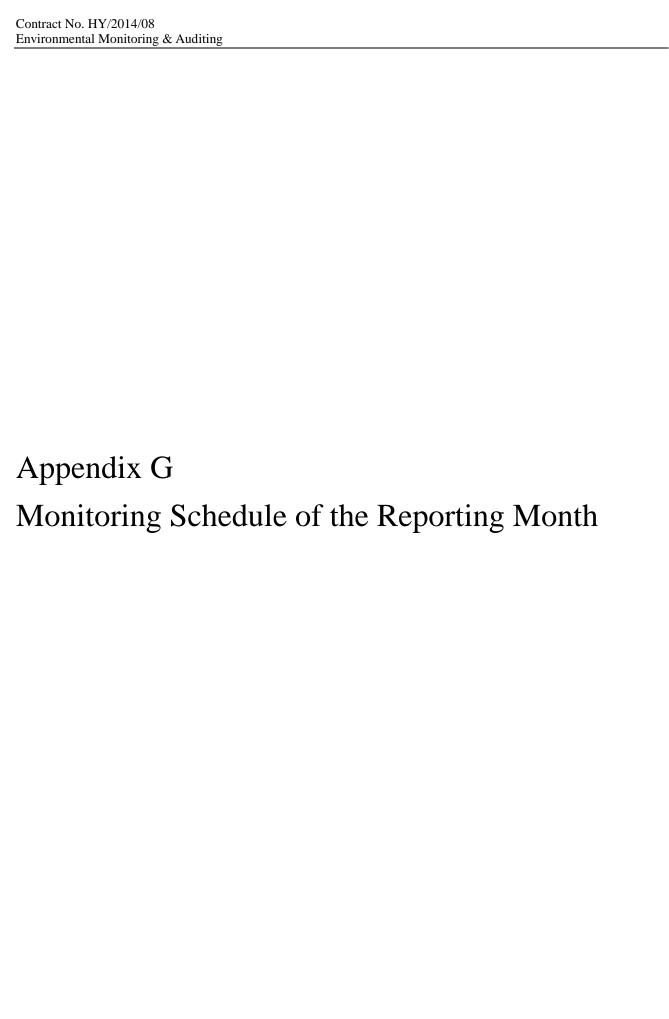
EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		 spreading to adjacent landscape areas and vegetation, and to create a neat and tidy visual appearance. Construction plant and building material shall be orderly and carefully stored in order to create a neat and tidy visual appearance. 					
S10.10.1 Table 10.11	LV4	 Screen Hoarding Decorative screen hoarding should be erected to screen the public from the construction area. It should be designed to be compatible with the existing urban context. 	Minimize visual impact	Contractor	Within Project site	Construction stage	-
S10.10.1 Table 10.11	LV5	 Lighting Control during Construction All lighting in the construction site shall be carefully controlled to minimize light pollution and night-time glare to nearby residencies and GIC. The Contractor shall consider other security measures, which shall minimize the visual impacts. 	Minimize visual impact	Contractor	Within Project site	Construction stage	-
S10.10.1 Table 10.11	LV6	 Erosion Control The potential for soil erosion shall be reduced by minimizing the extent of vegetation disturbance on site and by providing a protective cover over newly exposed soil. 	Minimize landscape impact	Contractor	Within Project site	Construction stage	-
S10.10.1 Table 10.11	LV7	Tree Protection & Preservation • Carefully protected during construction. Tree protection measures will be detailed at the Tree Removal Application stage and plans submitted to the relevant Government Department for approval in due course in accordance with ETWB TC no. 3/2006.	Minimize landscape and visual impact	Contractor	Within Project site	Construction stage	• 'Guidelines for Tree Risk Management and Assessment Arrangement on an Area Basis and on a Tree Basis', Greening, Landscape and Tree Management (GLTM) Section, DEVB

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
							Latest recommended horticultural practices from GLTM Section, DEVB
S10.10.1 Table 10.11	LV8	Tree Transplantation For trees unavoidably affected by the Project that have to be removed, where practical transplantation will be chosen as the top priority method of removal. If this is not possible or practical compensatory planting will be provided for trees unavoidably felled (See LV10). For trees unavoidably affected by the Project works that are transplanted, transplantation must be carried out in accordance with ETWB TCW 2/2004 and 3/2006.	Minimize landscape and visual impact	Contractor	Within Project site and designated off-site locations	Prior to Construction stage	ETWB TCW 3/2006 Latest recommended horticultural practices from Greening, Landscape and Tree Management (GLTM) Section, DEVB ETWB TCW 2/2004
S10.10.1 Table 10.11	LV9	Compensatory Planting For trees unavoidably affected by the Project that have to be removed, where practical transportation will be chosen as the top priority method of removal but if this is not possible or practical compensatory planting will be provided for trees unavoidably felled. All felled trees shall be compensated for by planting trees to the satisfaction of relevant Government projects. Required numbers and locations of compensatory trees shall be determined and agreed separately with Government during the Tree Felling Application process under ETWBTC 3/2006.	Minimize visual impact and also enhance landscape	Contractor	Within Project site	Construction stage	ETWB TCW 3/2006 Latest recommended horticultural practices from Greening, Landscape and Tree Management (GLTM) Section,

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		• Compensatory tree planting may be incorporated into public open spaces and along roadside amenity areas affected by the construction works and therefore be part of the bigger wider planting plans. Onsite compensation planting is preferred but if necessary, additional receptor sites outside the Works Area shall be agreed separately with Government during the Tree Felling Application process.					DEVB • ETWB TCW 2/2004
		Cultural	Heritage Impact (Con	struction Phase)			
S11.4.4	CH1	The contractor should be alerted during the construction on the possibility of locating archaeological remains and as a precautionary measure, AMO shall be informed immediately in case of discovery of antiquities or supposed antiquities in the subject sites.	To preserve any cultural heritage items which may be removed and damaged by the excavation	Contractor	During construction works for cut and cover tunnels	Construction stage	AMOs requirements
S12.6.1	СНЗ	 Protective covering should be provided for the buildings in the form of plastic sheeting; Buffer zones should be provided between the construction works and the external walls of the buildings and should be as large as site restrictions allow and be marked out by temporary fencing or hoarding; An underpinning scheme is required to transfer the existing column loadings to a deeper rock stratum. The supporting system includes cutting the existing ground floor slab to expose the existing pile caps and then construct transfer beams at both sides of the pile caps. The transfer beams will tie up with the existing caps. Loadings of the transfer beams will be transferred to the rock socket piles installed at the two ends of the beams; The AAA settlement and tilting limit should be 6/8/10 mm and1/2000, 1/1500 and 1/1000; 	Protect the building from damage from construction works	Contractor	Yau Ma Tei Police Station (Old Wing) (CKR-01)	Prior to commencement of and during the construction phase	 Guidelines for Cultural Heritage Impact Assessment EIAO-TM Annex 10 and Annex 19 AMO Proposed Vibration Limits

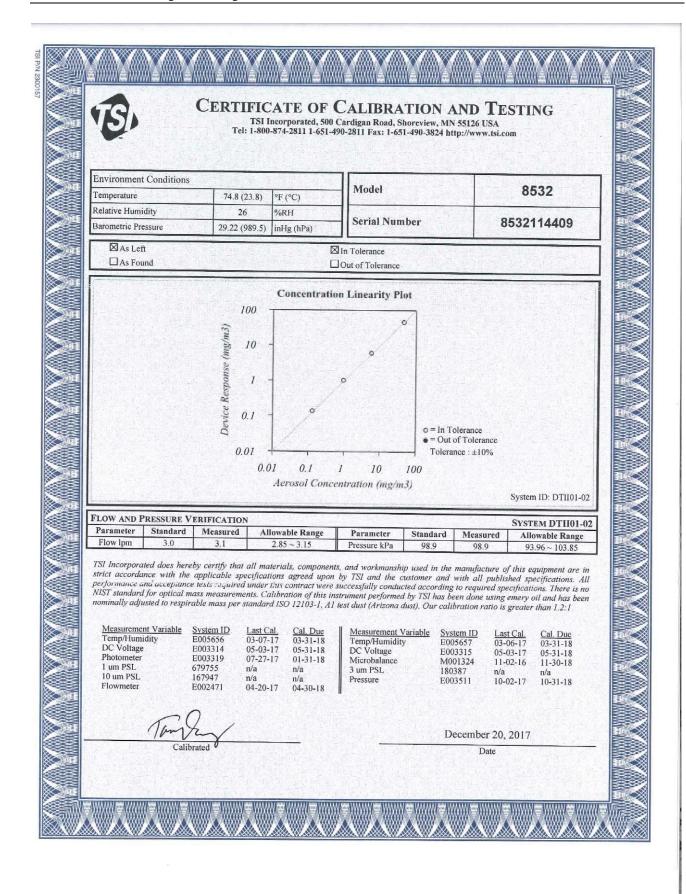
EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		 Monitoring of vibration levels will be undertaken during the construction phase and the Alert, Alarm and Action (AAA) vibration limit will be set at 5/6/7.5 mm/s. The monitoring proposal should be sent to AMO for comment;. Regular site inspections and monitoring works will be carried out by the contractor and the monitoring results will be submitted to the resident site staff of HyD to ensure compliance. 					
S12.6.1		 Adopting diaphragm wall construction method; Grout curtain should be provided in front of the building; Recharging system should be installed as a contingency measure to mitigate the fluctuation of water table; the AAA settlement and tilting limit should be 6/8/10 mm and 1/2000, 1/1500 and 1/1000; Monitoring of vibration levels will be undertaken during the construction phase and the Alert, Alarm and Action (AAA) vibration limit will be set at 5/6/7.5 mm/s. The monitoring proposal should be sent to AMO for comment; Regular site inspections and monitoring works will be carried out by the contractor and the monitoring results will be submitted to the resident site staff of HyD to ensure compliance. 	Protect the building from damage from construction works	Contractor	Yau Ma Tei Police Station (Old Wing) (CKR-01)	Prior to commencement of and during the construction phase	Guidelines for Cultural Heritage Impact Assessment EIAO-TM Annex 10 and Annex 19 AMO Proposed Vibration Limits
S12.6.1 Table 12.2		 The Alert, Alarm and Action (AAA) vibration limit will be set at 3/4/5 mm/s and a condition survey shall be carried out by the project proponent prior to the construction phase to confirm this assessment Vibration monitoring of the structure shall be employed during the construction phase to ensure that the level is not exceeded. The monitoring proposal should be sent to AMO for comment. 	Protect the building from damage from construction works	Contractor	Tin Hau Temple (CKR-02)	Prior to commencement of and during the construction phase	Guidelines for Cultural Heritage Impact Assessment EIAO-TM Annex 10 and Annex 19 AMO Proposed Vibration Limits

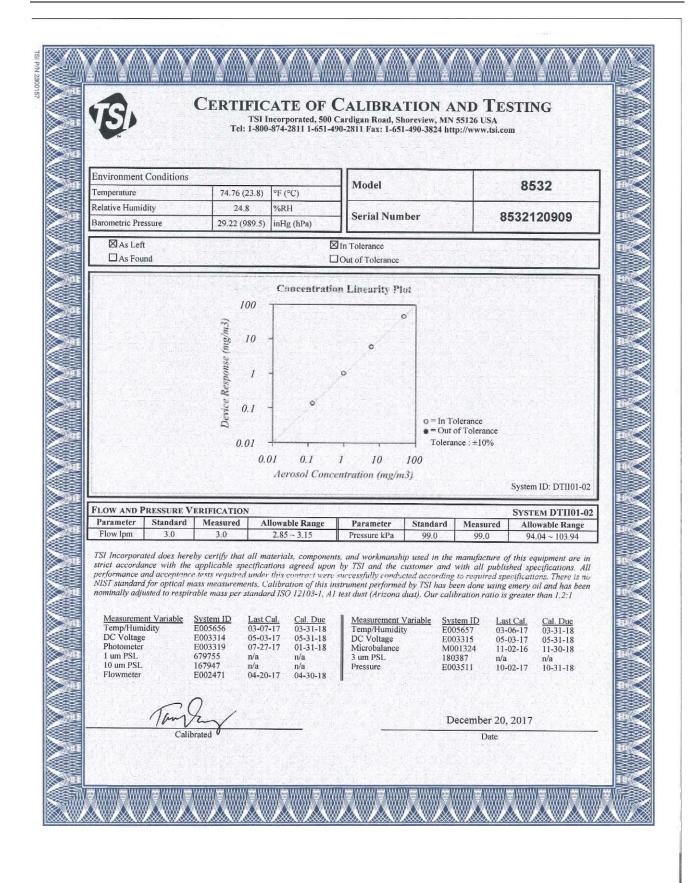
EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
			EM&A Project	t			
S13.2	EM1	An Independent Environmental Checker needs to be employed as per the EM&A Manual	Control EM&A Performance	Highways Department	All construction sites	Construction stage	EIAO Guidance Note No. 4/2010 TM-EIAO
\$13.2-1 3.4	EM2	 An Environmental Team needs to be employed as per the EM&A Manual; Prepare a systematic Environmental Management Plan to ensure effective implementation of the mitigation measures; An environmental impact monitoring needs to be implemented by the Environmental Team to ensure all the requirements given in the EM&A Manual are fully complied with. 	Perform environmental monitoring & auditing	Highways Department/ Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	EIAO Guidance Note No. 4/2010 TM-EIAO



Impact Monitoring Schedule for CKR-YMTE **May-18** **May 1** **
Mon Tue Wed Thur Fri Sat Land 1 2 3 4 5 Impact Air monitoring for W-A6 & W-A1 Air monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11, W-N18 & W-N25A Noise monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11, W-N18 & W-N25A 1
Impact Air monitoring for W-A6 & W-A1 Noise monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11, W-N18 & W-N25A
Air monitoring for W-A6 & W-A1 Noise monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11, W-N18 & W-N25A 7 8 9 10 11 12
Air monitoring for W-A6 & W-A1 Noise monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11, W-N18 & W-N25A 7 8 9 10 11 12
A1 Noise monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11, W-N18 & W-N25A
Noise monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11, W-N18 & W-N25A 7 8 9 10 11 12
7 8 9 10 11 12
7 8 9 10 11 12
7 8 9 10 11 12
Impact Impact
Air monitoring for W-A6 & W-A1
Noise monitoring for W-N1A,
W-P11 , W-N18 & W-N25A
14 15 16 17 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19
Impact Impact
Air monitoring for W-A6 & W-
A1
Noise monitoring for W-N1A,
W-P11 , W-N18 & W-N25A
21 22 23 24 25 26
Impact Impact
Air monitoring for W-A6 & W-
A1
Noise monitoring for
Noise monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11 , W-N18 & W
W-P11 , W-N18 & W-N25A
28 29 30 31

Appendix H
Calibration Certificates
(Air Monitoring)







RECALIBRATION DUE DATE:

February 2, 2019

Certificate of Calibration

Calibration Certification Information

Cal. Date: Februa

February 2, 2018

Calibration Model #: TE-5025A

Rootsmeter S/N: 438320

Ta: 294 Pa: 754.4

ΔP (mm Hg)

1.0140

0.9070

3.2

6.4

ΔН

(in H2O)

2.00

4.00

5.00

°K

Operator: Jim Tisch

cn

Calibrator S/N: 3465

mm Hg

	Vol. Init	Vol. Final	ΔVol.	ΔTime
Run	(m3)	(m3)	(m3)	(min)
1	1	2	1	1.4360

4	7	8	1	0.8680	8.8	5.50			
5	9	10	1	0.7180	12.7	8.00			
	Data Tabulation								
Vstd	Qstd	$\sqrt{\Delta H \left(\frac{Pa}{Pstc}\right)}$	Tstd Ta		Qa	$\sqrt{\Delta H (Ta/Pa)}$			
(m3)	(x-axis)	(y-ax	is)	Va	(x-axis)	(y-axis)			
1.0018	0.6977	1.41	85	0.9958	0.6934	0.8829			
0.9976	0.9838	2.00	61	0.9915	0.9778	1.2486			
0.9956	1.0977	2.24	29	0.9895	1.0910	1.3959			
0.9944	1.1456	2.35	24	0.9883	1.1386	1.4641			

0.9892 1.3777 2.8371 0.9832 1.3693 1.7657 m= 2.08721 1.30698 m= **QSTD** b= -0.04206 QA b= -0.02618 0.99995 0.99995 r=

Calculations					
Vstd=	ΔVol((Pa-ΔP)/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta)	Va=	ΔVol((Pa-ΔP)/Pa)		
Qstd=	Vstd/ΔTime	Qa=	Va/ΔTime		
For subsequent flow rate calculations:					
$\mathbf{Qstd=} \ \ 1/m \left(\left(\sqrt{\Delta H \left(\frac{Pa}{Pstd} \right) \left(\frac{Tstd}{Ta} \right)} \right) - b \right) \qquad \qquad \mathbf{Qa=} \ \ 1/m \left(\left(\sqrt{\Delta H \left(Ta/Pa \right)} \right) - b \right)$					

Standard Conditions					
Tstd:	298.15 °K				
Pstd:	760 mm Hg				
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Key				
ΔH: calibrator manometer reading (in H2O)					
ΔP: rootsmeter manometer reading (mm Hg)					
Ta: actual absolute temperature (°K)					
Pa: actual barometric pressure (mm Hg)					
b: intercept					
m· clono					

RECALIBRATION

US EPA recommends annual recalibration per 1998 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 50 to 51, Appendix B to Part 50, Reference Method for the Determination of Suspended Particulate Matter in the Atmosphere, 9.2.17, page 30

Tisch Environmental, Inc. 145 South Miami Avenue /illage of Cleves, OH 45002 www.tisch-env.com

TOLL FREE: (877)263-7610 FAX: (513)467-9009

InnoTech Instrumentation Co. Ltd.

創新科儀有限公司

HIVOL SAMPLER CALIBRATION DATA SHEET (TSP)

Site Information

	YMT Catholic Primary		·		
Location:	School	Site ID:	W-A1	Date:	21-Apr-2018
Serial No:	1049	Model:	TE-5170X	Operator:	Chris

Ambient Condition

Corrected Pressure (mm Hg):	764.3	Temperature (deg K):	293.2

Calibration Orifice

Model:	TE-5025	Slope:	2.08721
Serial No.:	3465	Intercept:	-0.04206
Calibration Due Date:	2-Feb-19	Corr. Coeff:	0.99995

Calibration Data

Plate or	In,H2O	Qa, X-Axis	I, CFM	IC, Y-Axia
Test#	(in)	(m3/min)	(chart)	(corrected)
1	2.44	0.777	32.0	32.35
2	3.41	0.915	37.0	37.41
3	5.30	1.135	45.0	45.50
4	6.99	1.301	51.0	51.57
5	7.41	1.339	52.0	52.58

Sampler Calibtation Relationship (Qa on x-axis, IC on y-axis)

m=	36.2645	b=	4.2325	Corr. Coeff=	0.9999
Samp	ler set point(SSP)	48	CFM		

Calculations

Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta))-b]

IC = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta)]

Qstd = standard flow rate IC = corrected chart response I = actual chart response m = calibrator Qstd slope

b = calibrator Qstd intercept

Ta = actual temperature during calibration (deg K)
Pa = actual pressure during calibration (mm Hg)

Tstd = 298 deg KPstd = 760 mm Hg

For subsequent calculation of sampler flow: (1.21*m+b)/[Sqrt(298/Tav)(Pav/760)]

m = sampler slope
b = sampler intercept
I = chart response
Tav = average temperatur
Day - average pressure

Checked by:	Date:	21-Apr-18
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InnoTech Instrumentation Co. Ltd.

創新科儀有限公司

HIVOL SAMPLER CALIBRATION DATA SHEET (TSP)

Site Information

	YMT Catholic Primary	I		****	
Location:	School	Site ID:	W-A1	Date:	09-May-2018
Serial No:	1049	Model:	TE-5170X	Operator:	Chris

Ambient Condition

Corrected Pressure (mm Hg):	764.3	Temperature (deg K):	293.2
		, , ,	1

Calibration Orifice

Model:	TE-5025	Slope:	2.08721
Serial No.:	3465	Intercept:	-0.04206
Calibration Due Date:	2-Feb-19	Corr. Coeff:	0.99995

Calibration Data

Plate or	or In,H2O Qa, X-Axis		I, CFM	IC, Y-Axia	
Test#	(in)	(m3/min)	(chart)	(corrected)	
1	1.79	0.668	31.0	31.34	
2	2.49	0.785	36.0	36.40	
3	3.96	0.984	44.0	44.49	
4	4.81	1.083	48.0	48.53	
5	5.75	1.182	52.0	52.58	

Sampler Calibtation Relationship (Qa on x-axis, IC on y-axis)

m=	41.2007	b=	3.9287	Corr. Coeff=	0.9999
Samp	ler set point(SSP)	53	CFM		
Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(F IC = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pst	ł2O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta))-b] d)(Tstd/Ta)]	1	Calculations m = sampler slope b = sampler intercept I = chart response		
Qstd = standard fl			Tav = average temperature		
=	sponse std slope d intercept rature during calibration (deg K) re during calibration (mm Hg)		Pav = average pressure		
-	g lculation of sampler flow: (298/Tav)(Pav/760)]				
Checked by: _	Chris		Date:	9-Ma	y-18

InnoTech Instrumentation Co. Ltd.

創新科儀有限公司

HIVOL SAMPLER CALIBRATION DATA SHEET (TSP)

Site Information

	YMT Catholic Primary	Ï			
Location:	School	Site ID:	W-A1	Date:	26-May-2018
Serial No:	1049	Model:	TE-5170X	Operator:	Chris

Ambient Condition

Corrected Pressure (mm Hg):	764.3	Temperature (deg K):	293.2

Calibration Orifice

Model:	TE-5025	Slope:	2.08721
Serial No.:	3465	Intercept:	-0.04206
Calibration Due Date:	2-Feb-19	Corr. Coeff:	0.99995

Calibration Data

Plate or	In,H2O Qa, X-Axis		I, CFM	IC, Y-Axia	
Test #	(in)	(m3/min)	(chart)	(corrected)	
1	1.84	0.677	32.0	32.35	
2	2.11	0.724	34.0	34.38	
3	3.15	0.880	40.0	40.44	
4	4.12	1.003	45.0	45.50	
5	4.30	1.025	46.0	46.51	

Sampler Calibtation Relationship (Qa on x-axis, IC on y-axis)

m=	40.3355	b=	5.0752	Corr. Coeff=	0.9999
Sampler set point(SSP)		53	СЕМ		
Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta))-b]			Calculations m = sampler slope		
IC = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta)]			b = sampler interceptI = chart response		
Qstd = standard flow rate IC = corrected chart response			Tav = average temperature Pav = average pressure		
I = actual chart response m = calibrator Qstd slope					
b = calibrator Qstd intercept					
Ta = actual temperature during calibration (deg K) Pa = actual pressure during calibration (mm Hg) Tstd = 298 deg K					
Pstd = 760 mm Hg For subsequent calculation of sampler flow: (1.21*m+b)/[Sqrt(298/Tav)(Pav/760)]					
Checked by:	Chris		Date:	26-Ma	ıy-18

InnoTech Instrumentation Co. Ltd.

創新科儀有限公司

HIVOL SAMPLER CALIBRATION DATA SHEET (TSP)

Site Information

Location:	Man Cheong Building	Site ID:	W-A6	Date:	21-Apr-2018
Serial No:	1050	Model:	TE-5170X	Operator:	Chris

Ambient Condition

Corrected Pressure (mm Hg):	764.3	Temperature (deg K):	293.2

Calibration Orifice

Model:	TE-5025	Slope:	2.08721
Serial No.:	3465	Intercept:	-0.04206
Calibration Due Date:	2-Feb-19	Corr. Coeff:	0.99995

Calibration Data

Plate or	ln,H2O	Qa, X-Axis	I, CFM	IC, Y-Axia
Test#	2.12	(m3/min)	(chart)	(corrected)
1	2.21	0.740	31.0	31.34
2	3.41	0.915	36.0	36.40
3	5.07	1.111	42.0	42.47
4	6.31	1.237	46.0	46.51
5	7.74	1.368	50.0	50.55

Sampler Calibtation Relationship (Qa on x-axis, IC on y-axis)

m=	30.7339	b=	8.4418	Corr. Coeff=	0.9999
Sample	er set point(SSP)	45	СҒМ		

Calculations

Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta))-b]

IC = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta)]

Qstd = standard flow rate IC = corrected chart response I = actual chart response

m = calibrator Qstd slopeb = calibrator Qstd intercept

Ta = actual temperature during calibration (deg K)
Pa = actual pressure during calibration (mm Hg)

Tstd = 298 deg K Pstd = 760 mm Hg

For subsequent calculation of sampler flow: (1.21*m+b)/[Sqrt(298/Tav)(Pav/760)]

I = chart response
Tav = average temperature
Pav = average pressure

m = sampler slope

b = sampler intercept

Checked by:	Chris	Date:	21-Apr-18
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InnoTech Instrumentation Co. Ltd.

創新科儀有限公司

HIVOL SAMPLER CALIBRATION DATA SHEET (TSP)

Site Information

Location:	Man Cheong Building	Site ID:	W-A6	Date:	09-May-2018
Serial No:	1050	Model:	TE-5170X	Operator:	Chris

Ambient Condition

Corrected Pressure (mm Hg):	764.3	Temperature (deg K):	293.2

Calibration Orifice

Model:	TE-5025	Slope:	2.08721
Serial No.:	3465	Intercept:	-0.04206
Calibration Due Date:	2-Feb-19	Corr. Coeff:	0.99995

Calibration Data

Plate or	In,H2O	Qa, X-Axis	I, CFM	IC, Y-Axia
Test#	2.12	(m3/min)	(chart)	(corrected)
1	3.10	0.873	34.0	34.38
2	3.90	0.977	38.0	38.42
3	4,43	1.040	40.0	40.44
4	6.86	1.289	49.0	49.54
5	7.81	1.374	52.0	52.58

Sampler Calibtation Relationship (Qa on x-axis, IC on y-axis)

Checked by: _____

Sampler Cambiation Relati	onship (Qa on x-axis, i	C On y-a	1818)		
m=	36.1833	b=	2.8910	Corr. Coeff=	0.9999
Sampler set po	oint(SSP)	46	СҒМ		
Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2O(Pa/P:IC = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/T)] Qstd = standard flow rate IC = corrected chart response I = actual chart response m = calibrator Qstd slope b = calibrator Qstd intercep Ta = actual temperature dur Pa = actual pressure during Tstd = 298 deg K Pstd = 760 mm Hg For subsequent calculation (1.21*m+b)/[Sqrt(298/Tay)	a)] se of calibration (deg K) calibration (mm Hg) of sampler flow:	•	Calculations m = sampler slope b = sampler intercept I = chart response Tav = average temperature Pav = average pressure		

9-May-18

InnoTech Instrumentation Co. Ltd.

創新科儀有限公司

HIVOL SAMPLER CALIBRATION DATA SHEET (TSP)

Site Information

Location:	Man Cheong Building	Site ID:	W-A6	Date:	26-May-2018
Serial No:	1050	Model:	TE-5170X	Operator:	Chris

Ambient Condition

Corrected Pressure (mm Hg):	764.3	Temperature (deg K):	293.2
	l		

Calibration Orifice

Model:	TE-5025	Slope:	2.08721
Serial No.:	3465	Intercept:	-0.04206
Calibration Due Date:	2-Feb-19	Corr. Coeff:	0.99995

Calibration Data

Plate or	In,H2O	Qa, X-Axis	I, CFM	IC, Y-Axia	
Test#	2.12	(m3/min)	(chart)	(corrected)	
1	1.90	0.688	28.0	28.31	
2	2.40	0.771	31.0	31.34	
3	3.26	0.895	35.0	35.39	
4	4.42	1.039	40.0	40.44	
5	5.51	1.157	44.0	44.49	

Sampler Calibtation Relationship (Qa on x-axis, IC on y-axis)

m=	34.3390	b=	4.7522	Corr. Coeff= 0.9999

m = sampler slope

b = sampler interceptI = chart response

Pav = average pressure

Tav = average temperature

Sampler set point(SSP) 46 CFM

Calculations

 $Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta))-b] \\ IC = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta)]$

Qstd = standard flow rate
IC = corrected chart response
I = actual chart response

m = calibrator Qstd slopeb = calibrator Qstd intercept

Ta = actual temperature during calibration (deg K)
Pa = actual pressure during calibration (mm Hg)

Tstd = 298 deg K

Pstd = 760 mm Hg For subsequent calculation of sampler flow: (1.21*m+b)/[Sqrt(298/Tav)(Pav/760)]

	Checked by:	chris	Date:	26-May-18
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Contract No. HY/2014/08 Environmental Monitoring & Auditing	
Annandin I	
Appendix I	
Calibration Certificates (Noise)	



Sun Creation Engineering Limited

Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Certificate of Calibration

校正證書

Certificate No.: C176148

證書編號

ITEM TESTED / 送檢項目 (Job No. / 序引編號: IC17-1542)

Date of Receipt / 收件日期: 26 October 2017

Description / 儀器名稱 :

Manufacturer / 製造商 Model No./型號

NTi XL2

Serial No./編號

A2A-09696-E0

Audio Analyzer

Supplied By / 委託者

Acumen Environmental Engineering and Technologies Co., Ltd.

Lot 11, Tam Kon Shan Road, North Tsing Yi, N.T.

TEST CONDITIONS / 測試條件

Temperature / 温度 :

Line Voltage / 電壓 :

Relative Humidity / 相對濕度 :

 $(55 \pm 20)\%$

TEST SPECIFICATIONS / 測試規範

Calibration check

DATE OF TEST / 測試日期

3 November 2017

TEST RESULTS / 測試結果

The results apply to the particular unit-under-test only.

The results do not exceed manufacturer's specification.

The results are detailed in the subsequent page(s).

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to National Standards via:

- The Government of The Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Standard & Calibration Laboratory
- Agilent Technologies / Keysight Technologies
- Rohde & Schwarz Laboratory, Germany
- Fluke Everett Service Center, USA

Tested By

測試

K C Lee Engineer

Certified By

核證

H C Chan

Date of Issue 簽發日期

7 November 2017

Engineer

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the Nation Standards as specified in this certificate. This certificate shall not be reproduced except in full, without the prior written approval of this laboratory.

本證書所載校正用之測試器材均可測源至國際標準。局部後印本證書需先獲本實驗所書面批准。

Sun Creation Engineering Limited - Calibration & Testing Laboratory
c/o 4/f, Tsing Shan Wan Exchange Building, 1 Hing On Lane, Tuen Mun, New Territories, Hong Kong
師創工保有限公司 - 校正及檢測實驗所
c/o 香港新學中門要安里。樂育山海儀樓四樓

Fax/傳真: 2744 8986 Tel/電話: 2927 2606

E-mail/電郵: callab@suncreation.com | Website信用: www.suncreation.com Page 1 of 4



Sun Creation Engineering Limited

Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Certificate of Calibration

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Certificate No.: C176148

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- 1. The unit-under-test (UUT) was allowed to stabilize in the laboratory for over 12 hours, and switched on to warm up for over 10 minutes before the commencement of the test.
- Self-calibration using the laboratory acoustic calibrator was performed before the test from 6.1.1.2 to 6.3.2. 2.
- The results presented are the mean of 3 measurements at each calibration point. 3.
- 4 Test equipment:

Equipment ID

Description

Certificate No.

CL280 CL281

40 MHz Arbitrary Waveform Generator

C170048

Multifunction Acoustic Calibrator

PA160023

- 5. Test procedure: MA101N.
- Results: 6
- 6.1 Sound Pressure Level
- 6.1.1 Reference Sound Pressure Level

6.1.1.1 Before Self-calibration

	UUT Setting		Applie	UUT	
Range	Frequency	Time	Level	Freq.	Reading
(dB)	Weighting	Weighting	(dB)	(kHz)	(dB)
30 - 130	A	FAST	94.00	1	93.9

6.1.1.2 After Self-calibration

UUT Setting			Applied	i Value	UUT	IEC 61672
Range	Frequency	Time	Level	Freq.	Reading	Class 1
(dB)	Weighting	Weighting	(dB)	(kHz)	(dB)	(dB)
30 - 130	A	FAST	94.00	1	94.0	± 1,1

6.1.2 Linearity

Imounty	UUT Setting			d Value	UUT
Range (dB)			Level (dB)	Freq. (kHz)	Reading (dB)
30 - 130	A	FAST	94.00	1	94.0 (Ref.)
			104.00		104.0
			114.00		114.0

IEC 61672 Class 1 Spec. : \pm 0.6 dB per 10 dB step and \pm 1.1 dB for overall different.

The test equipment used for calibration are naceable to the Nation Standards as specified in this certificate. This certificate shall not be reproduced except in full, without the prior

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Sun Creation Engineering Limited - Calibration & Testing Laboratory Sun Creation Engineering Lamited — Calibration & Testing Laboratory
co 4F. Tsing Shan Wan Exchange Building, I Hing On Lanc. Tuen Mun, New Territories, Hong Kong
練剛工程有限公司一校正及機劃實施所
co 香港新界屯門與安里一號青山海機樓甲樓
Tel/電話: 2927 2606 — Fax/傳真: 2744 8986 — E-mai/電郵: callab@suncreation.com — Website

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Sun Creation Engineering Limited

Calibration and Testing Laboratory

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Certificate No.: C176148

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6.2 Time Weighting

Time (resp.	UUT Setting			Applied Value		IEC 61672
Range	Frequency	Time	Level (dB)	Freq. (kHz)	Reading (dB)	Class 1 Spec.
(dB) 30 - 130	Weighting A	Weighting FAST	94.00	(KHZ)	94.0	Ref.
		SLOW			94.0	± 0.3

6.3 Frequency Weighting

A-Weighting 6.3.1

	UUT Setting		Applied Value		UUT	IEC 61672
Range (dB)	Frequency Weighting	Time Weighting	Level (dB)	Freq.	Reading (dB)	Class 1 Spec. (dB)
30 - 130	A	FAST	94.00	63 Hz	67.7	-26.2 ± 1.5
		1		125 Hz	77.8	-16.1 ± 1.5
				250 Hz	85.3	-8.6 ± 1.4
				500 Hz	90.7	-3.2 ± 1.4
				1 kHz	94.0	Ref.
				2 kHz	95.2	$+1.2 \pm 1.6$
				4 kHz	95.0	$+1.0 \pm 1.6$
				8 kHz	92.9	-1.1 (+2.1; -3.1)
				12.5 kHz	89.7	-4.3 (+3.0; -6.0)

6.3.2 C-Weighting

C Weighting	UUT Setting		Applie	d Value	UUT	IEC 61672
Range (dB)	Frequency Weighting	Time Weighting	Level (dB)	Freq.	Reading (dB)	Class 1 Spec. (dB)
30 - 130	C	FAST	94.00	63 Hz	93.1	-0.8 ± 1.5
				125 Hz	93.8	-0.2 ± 1.5
				250 Hz	94.0	0.0 ± 1.4
		,		500 Hz	94.0	0.0 ± 1.4
				l kHz	94.0	Ref.
				2 kHz	93.8	-0.2 ± 1.6
				4 kHz	93.2	-0.8 ± 1.6
				8 kHz	91.0	-3.0 (+2.1; -3.1)
				12.5 kHz	87.7	-6.2 (+3.0; -6.0)

written approval of this laboratory. 本語書所載校正用之測試器材均可調源至國際標準。 局都製印本證書需先獲本實驗所書面批准。

Sun Creation Engineering Limited – Calibration & Testing Laboratory
c/o 4/E. Ising Shan Wan Exchange Building, I Hing On Lane, Tuen Mun, New Territories, Hong Kong 輝碩工程行限公司 – 校正及檢測實驗所
c/o 香港新昇屯門與安里一號青山高機樂四樓 TeF電話: 2927 2606 — Fax/傳真: 2744 8986 — E-mail/電郵: callab/@suncreation.com — Website/

E-mail/電郵: eallab@suncreation.com Website/钢床: www.suncreation.com

Page 3 of 4

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the Nation Standards as specified in this certificate. This certificate shall not be reproduced except in full, without the prior



Sun Creation Engineering Limited

Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Certificate of Calibration 校正證書

Certificate No.: C176148

證書編號

Remarks: - Mfr's Spec. : IEC 61672 Class 2

- Uncertainties of Applied Value : 94 dB : 63 Hz - 125 Hz : \pm 0.35 dB

250 Hz - 500 Hz : $\pm 0.30 \text{ dB}$ 1 kHz ; ± 0,20 dB 2 kHz - 4 kHz $: \pm 0.35 \text{ dB}$ 8 kHz $: \pm 0.45 \text{ dB}$ 12.5 kHz $: \pm 0.70 \text{ dB}$

104 dB : 1 kHz $: \pm 0.10 \text{ dB (Ref. 94 dB)}$

114 dB : 1 kHz : ± 0.10 dB (Ref. 94 dB)

- UUT Microphone Model No.: MA220 (ACO7052) & S/N: 62324

- The uncertainties are for a confidence probability of not less than 95 %.

Note:

Only the original copy or the laboratory's certified true copy is valid.

The values given in this Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environment changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Sun Creation Engineering Limited shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the Nation Standards as specified in this certificate. This certificate shall not be reproduced except in full, without the prior

本證書所載按正用之測試器材均可瀏源至國際標準。局部複印本證書篙先獲本實驗所書面批准。

Sun Creation Engineering Limited Calibration & Testing Laboratory
e/o 4年 Tsing Shan Wan Exchange Building, I Hing On Lane, Tuen Mnn, New Territories, Hong Kong
確創工程有限公司 接正及檢測實驗所
e/o 看達新界电門與安里 號台口灣機集四機

E-mail/電郵: callab@suncreation.com Website/電功: www.suncreation.com Tel/電話: 2927 2606 Fax/傳真: 2744 8986



Sun Creation Engineering Limited

Pulsar

Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Certificate of Calibration 校正證書

Certificate No.: C175265

證書編號

ITEM TESTED / 送檢項目 (Job No. / 序引編號: IC17-2132) Date of Receipt / 收件日期: 14 September 2017

Description / 儀器名稱 : Acoustic Calibrator

Manufacturer/製造商 Model No./型號

105 63705 Serial No./編號

Acumen Environmental Engineering and Technologies Co., Ltd. Supplied By / 委託者

Lot 11, Tam Kon Shan Road, North Tsing Yi, N.T.

TEST CONDITIONS / 測試條件

Temperature / 温度 : (23 ± 2)°C

Relative Humidity / 相對濕度 : (55 ± 20)%

Line Voltage / 電壓:

TEST SPECIFICATIONS / 測試規範

Calibration check

DATE OF TEST / 測試日期

17 September 2017

TEST RESULTS / 測試結果

The results apply to the particular unit-under-test only.

The results do not exceed manufacturer's specification.

The results are detailed in the subsequent page(s).

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to National Standards via:

- The Government of The Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Standard & Calibration Laboratory
- Agilent Technologies / Keysight Technologies
- Rohde & Schwarz Laboratory, Germany

- Fluke Everett Service Center, USA

Tested By 測試

H T Wong Technical Officer

Certified By 核證

K C Lee Engineer

Date of Issue 簽發日期

21 September 2017

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the Nation Standards as specified in this certificate. This certificate shall not be reproduced except in full, without the prior written approval of this laboratory.

本證書所載校正用之測試器材均可測源至國際標準。局部複印本證書需先獲本實驗所書面批准。

Sun Creation Engineering Limited – Calibration & Testing Laboratory e/o 4年, Tsing Shan Wan Exchange Building, 1 Hing On Lane, Tuen Mun, New Territories, Hong Kong 維朗上程行限公司 - 校正及绘测电影符。 音影影性出門眼安里一號音比過程暖晚叫樓 Tel/電話: 2927 2606 Fax/得真: 2744 8986 E-mail/電郵: callab@sunercation.com Website/

E-mail/電郵: callab@sunercation.com Website/網址: www.sunercation.com

Page 1 of 2



Certificate of Calibration 校正證書

Certificate No.: C175265

證書編號

The unit-under-test (UUT) was allowed to stabilize in the laboratory for over 12 hours before the commencement of

The results presented are the mean of 3 measurements at each calibration point.

Test equipment:

Equipment ID TST150A CL130

Description

Measuring Amplifier

Certificate No. C161175

Universal Counter Multifunction Acoustic Calibrator

C173864

PA160023

Test procedure: MA100N.

Results: 5.

CL281

Sound Level Accuracy

UUT	Measured Value	IEC60942:2003	Uncertainty of Measured Value
Nominal Value	(dB)	Class 1 Spec.	(dB)
94 dB, 1 kHz	93.7	± 0.4 dB	± 0.2

Mfr's Spec. : IEC60942:2003 Class 1

5.2 Frequency Accuracy

UUT Nominal	Measured Value	Mfr's	Uncertainty of Measured Value (Hz)
Value (kHz)	(kHz)	Spec.	
1	1.000	1 kHz ± 1 %	± 1

Remark: - The uncertainties are for a confidence probability of not less than 95 %.

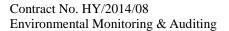
Only the original copy or the laboratory's certified true copy is valid.

The values given in this Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environment changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Sun Creation Engineering Limited shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

Sun Creation Engineering Limited – Calibration & Testing Laboratory clo 4月. Tsing Shan Wan Exchange Building, 1 Hing On Lane, Tuen Mun, New Territories, Hong Kong 韓剛工程有限公司 - 核正及檢測性驗所 clo 香港新星也門與安里·獎哥自治性機與四樓 Teb電話: 2927 2006 — Fax博真: 2744 8986 — E-mail/電郵: callab@suncreation.com Websited.

E-mail 電郵: callab@suncreation.com Website/制止: www.suncreation.com

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Appendix J
The Certification of Laboratory with HOKLAS
Accredited Analytical Tests



Hong Kong Accreditation Service 香港認可處

Certificate of Accreditation

認可證書

This is to certify that 特此證明

ALS TECHNICHEM (HK) PTY LIMITED

11/F., Chung Shun Knitting Centre, 1-3 Wing Yip Street, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong 香港新界葵涌永業街1-3號忠信針織中心11樓

has been accepted by the HKAS Executive, on the recommendation of the Accreditation Advisory Board, as a 為香港認可處執行機關根據認可諮詢委員會建議而接受的

HOKLAS Accredited Laboratory 「香港實驗所認可計劃」認可實驗所

This laboratory meets the requirements of ISO / IEC 17025 : 2005 - General requirements for the competence 此實驗所符合ISO / IEC 17025: 2005 - (测試及校正實驗所能力的通用規定)所訂的要求 of testing and calibration laboratories and it has been accredited for performing specific tests or calibrations as 機認可進行截於香港實驗所認可計劃(認可實驗所名冊)內下溫測試類別中的指定 listed in the HOKLAS Directory of Accredited Laboratories within the test category of 测试或校正工作

Environmental Testing 環境測試

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognised international Standard ISO / IEC 17025 ; 2005. 本實驗所乃根據公認的國際標準 ISO / IEC 17025 ; 2005 獲得認可。 This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory 透項認可資格深示在指定範疇所開的技術能力及實驗所質量管理關系的運作 quality management system (see joint IAF-ILAC-ISO Communiqué), (見國際認可論權、國際實驗所認可合作組織及國際標準化組織的聯合公報)。

The common seal of the Hong Kong Accreditation Service is affixed hereto by the authority of the HKAS Executive 香港認可處根據認可處執行機關的權限在此蓋上通用印章

CHAN Sing Sing, Terence, Executive Administrator

執行幹事 陳成城 Issue Date: 5 May 2009

簽發日期:二零零九年五月五日

Registration Number : NONLAS 066

註冊號碼:

Date of First Registration: 15 September 1995 首次註冊日期:一九九五年九月十五日

This certificate is issued subject to the terms and conditions laid down by HKAS 本题者按照香港如可像们立的模数及精件和出

L 000552



Hong Kong Accreditation Service 香港認可處

Certificate of Accreditation

認可證書

This is to certify that 特此證明

ACUMEN LABORATORY AND TESTING LIMITED

浩科檢測中心有限公司

Lot 12, Tam Kon Shan Road, North Tsing Yi, New Territories, Hong Kong 香港新界青衣北担杆山路12路段

has been accepted by the HKAS Executive, on the recommendation of the Accreditation Advisory Board, as a 在認可諮詢委員會的建議下獲香港認可處執行機關接受為

HOKLAS Accredited Laboratory 「香港實驗所認可計劃」認可實驗所

This laboratory meets the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005 and it has been accredited for performing specific tests or calibrations as listed in the scope of accreditation within the test category of

Environmental Testing

此實驗所符合ISO/IEC 17025:2005所訂的要求 並獲認可進行載於認可範圍內下述測試類別中的指定測試或校正工作

環境測試

This accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (see joint IAF-ILAC-ISO Communiqué). 此項 ISO/IEC 17025:2005 的認可資格證明此實驗所具備指定範疇內所須的技術能力並 實施一套實驗所質量管理體系(見國際認可論壇、國際實驗所認可合作組織及國際標準化組織的聯合公報)。

The common seal of the Hong Kong Accreditation Service is affixed hereto by the authority of the HKAS Executive 現經香港認可處執行機關授權在此蓋上香港認可處的印章

WONG Wang-wah, Executive Administrator

執行幹事 黃宏華 Issue Date: 16 July 2014

簽發日期:二零一四年七月十六日

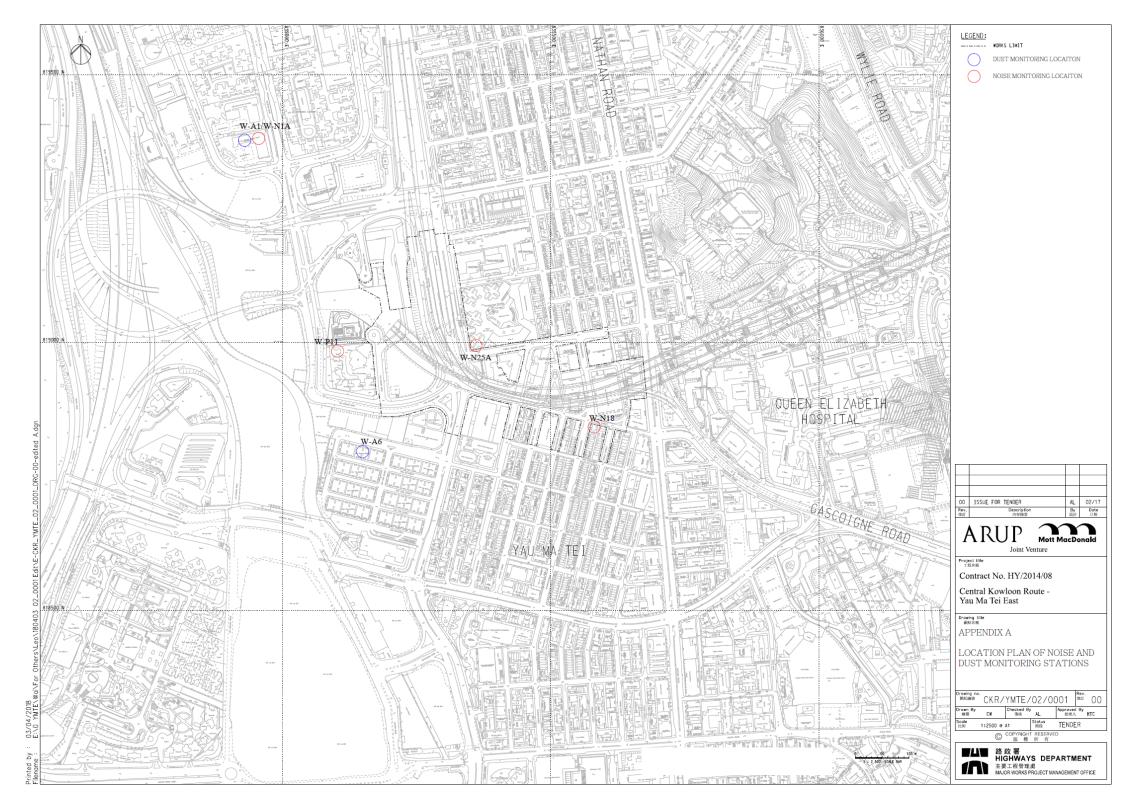
Registration Number: HOKLAS 241

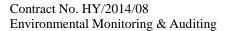
Date of First Registration: 16 July 2014 首次註冊日期:二零一四年七月十六日

L 001195

This certificate is issued subject to the terms and conditions laid down by HKAS 本證書按照香港認可處訂立的條款及條件發出

Appendix K
Location Plan of Noise and Air Quality
Monitoring Station





Appendix L
Monitoring Data (Air Monitoring)

Location: Yau Ma Tei Catholic Primary School (Hoi Wang Road) (W-A1)

Monitoring date: 3,9,15,21 and 26 May 2018

Parameter: TSP 1-hour

Major Site Activities No major site activities

Major dust source nearby traffic, construction work from West Kowloon Government

Offices, school activities

			1-hour TSP (µ	ıg/m³)	
Date	Weather	Start Time	1 st Hour (μg/m³)	2 nd Hour (μg/m³)	3 rd Hour (μg/m³)
03/05/2018	Fine	14:19	107	119	126
09/05/2018	Cloudy	13:38	72	81	65
15/05/2018	Sunny	13:48	105	97	89
21/05/2018	Sunny	13:42	57	63	54
26/05/2018	Sunny	14:00	69	58	66

Location: Man Cheong Building (W-A6)

Monitoring date: 3,9,15,21 and 26 May 2018

Parameter: TSP 1-hour

Major Site Activities No major site activities

Major dust source Nearby traffic

	1-hour TSP (μg/m³)											
Date	Weather	Start Time	1 st Hour (μg/m³)	2 nd Hour (μg/m ³)	3 rd Hour (μg/m³)							
03/05/2018	Fine	13:18	112	126	108							
09/05/2018	Cloudy	13:10	68	76	62							
15/05/2018	Sunny	13:20	98	110	91							
21/05/2018	Sunny	13:10	62	65	59							
26/05/2018	Sunny	13:30	58	70	62							

Contract No. HY/2014/08 Environmental Monitoring & Auditing

Location: Yau Ma Tei Catholic Primary School (Hoi Wang Road) (W-A1)

Monitoring date: 3,9,15,21 and 26 May 2018

Parameter: TSP 24-hour

Major Site Activities No major site activities

Major dust source nearby traffic, construction work from West Kowloon Government Offices

Date of Calibration:	21-Apr-18	Slop =	25.63061
Calibration due date:	6-May-18	Intercept =	16.41963
Date of Calibration:	9-May-18	Slop =	41.2007
Calibration due date:	24-May-18	Intercept =	3.9287
Date of Calibration:	26-May-18	Slop =	40.3355
Calibration due date:	10-Jun-18	Intercept =	5.0752

Start Date	Weather			Chart Reading		Avg Air Temp	Avg Atmospheric Pressure		Standard Air Volume	Filter Weig	ht (g)	Particulate weight	Conc.		
	Condition	Initial	Final	Actual (min)	Min	Max	Avg	(°C)	(mm Hg)	(m³/min)	(m ³)	Initial	Final	(g)	$(\mu g/m^3)$
3/5/2018	Sunny	385.00	409.00	1440.00	34	34	34	27.1	1014.1	1.12	1617	2.6592	2.7706	0.1114	69
9/5/2018	Sunny	409.05	433.05	1440.00	36	37	36.5	24.6	1012.9	1.26	1812	2.6533	2.7505	0.0972	54
15/5/2018	Sunny	433.11	457.11	1440.00	49	50	49.5	28.7	1009.3	1.91	2748	2.6704	2.744	0.0736	27
21/5/2018	Sunny	457.16	481.16	1440.00	49	50	49.5	30.3	1009.5	1.90	2739	2.6819	2.7906	0.1087	40
26/5/2018	Sunny	481.18	505.18	1440.00	48	49	48.5	30.7	1008.3	1.85	2659	2.6524	2.7727	0.1203	45

Location: Man Cheong Building (W-A6)

Monitoring date: 3,9,15,21 and 26 May 2018

Parameter: TSP 24-hour

Major Site Activities No major site activities

Major dust source nearby traffic

Date of Calibration:	21-Apr-18	Slop =	36.2645
Calibration due date:	6-May-18	Intercept =	4.2325
Date of Calibration:	9-May-18	Slop =	36.1833
Calibration due date:	24-May-18	Intercept =	2.891
Date of Calibration:	26-May-18	Slop =	34.339
Calibration due date:	10-Jun-18	Intercept =	4.7522

Start Date	Weather			Chart Reading		Avg Air Temn	Avg Atmospheric Pressure	Flow Rate	Standard Air Filter Weigh Volume		ht (g) Particulate weight		Conc.		
	Condition	Initial	Final	Actual (min)	Min	Max	Avg	(°C)	(mm Hg)	(m³/min)	(m ³)	Initial	Final	(g)	$(\mu g/m^3)$
3/5/2018	Sunny	582.00	606.00	1440.00	44	45	44.5	27.1	1014.1	1.51	2181	2.6658	2.7725	0.1067	49
9/5/2018	Sunny	606.11	630.11	1440.00	48	49	48.5	24.6	1012.9	1.67	2400	2.6656	2.7768	0.1112	46
15/5/2018	Sunny	630.16	654.16	1440.00	46	48	47.0	28.7	1009.3	1.59	2295	2.6720	2.7298	0.0578	25
21/5/2018	Sunny	654.22	678.22	1440.00	46	47	46.5	30.3	1009.5	1.57	2263	2.6603	2.7331	0.0728	32
26/5/2018	Sunny	678.26	702.26	1440.00	46	48	47.0	30.7	1008.3	1.59	2285	2.6629	2.7714	0.1085	47

Appendix M
Monitoring Data (Noise)

Location: Yau Ma Tei Catholic Primary School (Hoi Wang Road) (W-N1A)

Monitoring date: 3,9,15,21 and 26 May 2018

Parameter: L_{eq} , L_{10} , L_{90}

Major Site Activities No major site activities

Major noise source Nearby traffic, construction work from West Kowloon Government

Offices, school activities

Other Factors NA

Noise Monitoring data:

Date	Weather	Start Time	-	End Time	L_{eq}	L_{10}	L ₉₀
03/05/2018	Fine	14:20	-	14:50	67.8	69.9	63.1
09/05/2018**	Cloudy	13:40	-	14:10	67.2	69.0	63.4
15/05/2018	Sunny	13:50	-	14:20	63.1	64.9	60.2
21/05/2018	Sunny	13:44	-	14:14	63.6	65.5	61.5
26/05/2018	Sunny	14:02	-	14:32	65.8	67.6	62.4

Note **: Exam was held at W-N1A on 9/5/2018 as stated in the school calendar below:

http://www.ycps.edu.hk/%E6%A0%A1%E5%8E%9D%E8%A1%A8/

Background correction for the measurement result has been used considering the relatively high baseline level of 65.6 dB(A) for W-N1A as below:

Correction Measured Level = $10* \text{Log}(10^{\text{measured level}}*0.1) - 10^{\text{baseline level}}*0.1)$

 $= 10* \ Log(10^{(67.2*0.1)} - 10^{(65.6*0.1)})$

= 62.1 dB(A)

The result is therefore within the 65.0 dB(A) limit level during examination for educational NSR.

Location: Hydan Place (W-N18)

Monitoring date: 3,9,15,21 and 26 May 2018

 $Parameter: \hspace{1.5cm} L_{eq,}\,L_{10,}\ L_{90}$

Major Site Activities No major site activities

Major noise source nearby traffic

Other Factors NA

Noise Monitoring data:

Date	Weather	Start Time	-	End Time	L_{eq}	L_{10}	L ₉₀
03/05/2018	Fine	15:12	-	15:42	64.6	66.3	62.6
09/05/2018	Cloudy	15:05	-	15:35	64.5	66.0	62.3
15/05/2018	Sunny	15:15	-	15:45	64.3	65.9	60.5
21/05/2018	Sunny	15:35	-	16:05	64.5	66.2	60.6
26/05/2018	Sunny	17:16	-	17:46	65.8	67.3	62.1

Location: Prosperous Garden Block 1 (W-N25A)

Monitoring date: 3,9,15,21 and 26 May 2018

 $Parameter: \hspace{1.5cm} L_{eq,}\,L_{10,}\ L_{90}$

Major Site Activities No major site activities

Major noise source Nearby traffic

Other Factors NA

Noise Monitoring data:

Date	Weather	Start Time	-	End Time	L_{eq}	L_{10}	L ₉₀
03/05/2018	Fine	16:45	-	17:15	67.5	70.2	63.5
09/05/2018	Cloudy	14:24	-	14:54	67.1	69.3	62.6
15/05/2018	Sunny	14:35	-	15:05	66.7	69.2	63.3
21/05/2018	Sunny	14:30	-	15:00	67.8	70.4	63.1
26/05/2018	Sunny	15:46	-	16:16	67.2	69.5	62.9

Location: The Coronation Tower 1 (W-P11)

Monitoring date: 3,9,15,21 and 26 May 2018

 $Parameter: \hspace{1.5cm} L_{eq,}\,L_{10,}\ L_{90}$

Major Site Activities No major site activities

Major noise source Nearby traffic

Other Factors NA

Noise Monitoring data:

Date	Weather	Start Time	-	End Time	L_{eq}	L_{10}	L ₉₀
03/05/2018	Fine	16:00	-	16:30	64.4	65.7	62.7
09/05/2018	Cloudy	16:20	-	16:50	65.1	66.4	63.3
15/05/2018	Sunny	11:19	-	11:49	62.8	64.5	61.1
21/05/2018	Sunny	11:15	-	11:45	63.0	64.5	61.2
26/05/2018	Sunny	11:26	-	11:56	64.8	66.3	63.1

Contract No. HY/2014/08
Environmental Monitoring & Auditing

Appendix N Waste Flow Table **Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table**

Highways Department Name of Department: Contract No. / Works Order No.: <u>HY/2014/08</u>

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for May 2018
[to be submitted not later than the 15th day of each month following reporting month] (All quantities shall be rounded off to 2 decimal places.)

	Actual Quantities of <u>Inert</u> Construction Waste Generated Monthly								
Month	(a)=(b)+(c)+(d)+(e) Total Quantity Generated	(b) Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete	(c) Reused in the Contract	(d) Reused in other Projects	(e) Disposed of as Public Fill	Imported Fill			
	(in 'tonnes)	(in 'tonnes)	(in 'tonnes)	(in 'tonnes)	(in 'tonnes)	(in 'tonnes)			
Mar	585.9	0	0	0	542.8	0			
Apr	3462.6	0	0	0	3394.0	0			
May	956.5	0	0	0	925.7	0			
Jun									
Sub-total	5004.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	4862.4	0.0			
Jul									
Aug									
Sep									
Oct									
Nov									
Dec									
Total	5004.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	4862.4	0.0			

		Actual Quantities of Non-inert Construction Waste Generated Monthly							
Month	Ме	tals	Paper/ cardbo	ard packaging	Plas	tics	Chemical Waste		Others, e.g. General Refuse disposed at Landfill
	(in '0	00kg)	(in '0	00kg)	(in '00	00kg)	(in '0	000kg)	(in 'tonnes)
	generated	recycled	generated	recycled	generated	recycled	generated	recycled	generated
Mar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	43.1
Apr	11.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	57.2
May	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30.8
Jun									
Sub-total	11.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	132.2
Jul									
Aug									
Sep									
Oct									
Nov									
Dec									
Total	11.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	131.2

Appendix O
Statistics on Complaint, Notifications of
Summons and Successful Prosecutions

Statistical Summary of Exceedances

Air Quality							
Location	Action Level	Limit Level	Total				
W-A1	0	0	0				
W-A6	0	0	0				
	Noise						
Location	Action Level	Limit Level	Total				
W-N1A	0	0	0				
W-N18	0	0	0				
W-N25A	0	0	0				
W-P11	0	0	0				

Statistical Summary of Environmental Complaints

Reporting	Environmental Complaint Statistics					
Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature			
1 May 2018-	0	0	N/A			
31 May 2018	U	U	IV/A			

Statistical Summary of Environmental Summons

Reporting	Environmental Summons Statistics						
Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Details				
1 May 2018- 31 May 2018	0	0	N/A				

Statistical Summary of Environmental Prosecution

Reporting	Environmental Prosecution Statistics						
Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Details				
1 May 2018-	0	0	N/A				
31 May 2018	U	U	1N/A				



	Impact Monitoring Schedule for CKR-YMTE						
			Jun-18				
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thur	Fri	Sat	
					1	2	
					Impact		
					Air monitoring for W-A6 & W-		
					A1		
					Noise monitoring for W-N1A,		
					W-P11 , W-N18 & W-N25A		
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
				Impact			
				Air monitoring for W-A6 & W-			
				A1			
				Noise monitoring for W-N1A,			
				W-P11 , W-N18 & W-N25A			
10	11	12	13 Impact	14	15	16	
			Air monitoring for W-A6 & W- A1				
			Noise monitoring for W-N1A,				
			W-P11 , W-N18 & W-N25A				
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
17	10	Impact	20	21		23	
		Air monitoring for W-A6 & W- A1					
		Noise monitoring for W-N1A,					
		W-P11 , W-N18 & W-N25A					
24		26	27	28	29	30	
	Impact					Impact	
	Air monitoring for W-A6 & W-A1					Air monitoring for W-A6 & W-A1	
	Noise monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11 , W-N18 & W-N25A					Noise monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11 , W-N18 & W-N25A	

Impact Monitoring Schedule for CKR-YMTE						
			Jul-18	5		
Sun l	Mon	Tue		Thur	Fri 6	Sat
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
					Impact	
					Air monitoring for W-A6 & W-A1	
					Noise monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11 , W-N18 & W-N25A	
8)	10	11	12	13	14
				Impact		
				Air monitoring for W-A6 & W-A1		
				Noise monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11 , W-N18 & W-N25A		
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
			Impact			
			Air monitoring for W-A6 & W-A1			
			Noise monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11, W-N18 & W-N25A			
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
		Impact				
		Air monitoring for W-A6 & W-				
		A1				
		Noise monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11 , W-N18 & W-N25A				
29	30	31				
	Impact					
	Air monitoring for W-A6 & W-A1					
	Noise monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11 , W-N18 & W-N25A					

			Impact Monitoring Schedule for STWTW			
			Aug-18			
Sun	Mon	Tue		Thur	Fri	Sat
			1	2	3	4
						Impact
						Air monitoring for W-A6 & W-A1
						Noise monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11 , W- N18 & W-N25A
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
,		,		,	Impact	
					Air monitoring for W-A6 & W- A1	
					Noise monitoring for W-N1A,	
					W-P11 , W-N18 & W-N25A	
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
				Impact		
				Air monitoring for W-A6 & W-A1		
				Noise monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11 , W-N18 & W-N25A		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	120		Impact			
			Air monitoring for W-A6 & W- A1			
			Noise monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11 , W-N18 & W-N25A			
26	27	20	20	20	21	
26	27	28 mpact	29	30	31	
		Air monitoring for W-A6 & W- A1				
		Noise monitoring for W-N1A, W-P11 , W-N18 & W-N25A				